THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, FRIDAY, JUNE 20, 1873. [VOLUME VI—NUMBER 2.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

ATLANTA, JUNE 20, 1873.

From Yesterday's Evening Edition.

CHOLERA.

Better News from Nashville.

Fifteen Deaths Less Than on the Day Previous.

Special Dispatches to The Constitution.

NASHVILLE, June 19, 1873.

The cholera is diminishing. There were thirty-two deaths from cholera and four from other causes yesterday—showing a decrease of sixteen in cholera deaths.

The weather is much more favorable to-day, and everybody seems to be hopeful that the epidemic will materially abate during the day. C.

Nashville News by Mail.

The Union and American, of the 18th, sums up the deaths of the preceding day in these figures:

Cholera cases—whites	16
Cholera cases—colored	24
Total	40
Other diseases—whites	7
Other diseases—colored	5
Total	12
Grand total	52

In the list of cholera deaths we notice the names of MRS. A. L. BROOK, South Summer street, and a daughter of J. HOOK, 70 North Spruce street.

NUMBER OF DEATHS FOR ELEVEN DAYS.

	Cholera.	Other Causes.
June 7	21	4
" 8	36	—
" 9	29	5
" 10	11	6
" 11	35	5
" 12	11	4
" 13	15	10
" 14	14	10
" 15	25	2
" 16	14	7
" 17	44	4
Total	209	57

There had been several deaths from cholera before the 7th, of which we have no record. The above statement shows 266 deaths for eleven days ending yesterday, of which 209 were from cholera. Of the 266 deaths noted 125 were whites and 131 colored.

From the Banner of the 18th we gather the following items:

A good many who have heretofore been standing on the order of their going, packed up yesterday for a trip to the country. It is expected that there will be a large exodus of people out of the city to-day.

There is no question about the spread of the disease into almost every part of the city. The fact was painfully developed yesterday. It was thought that it had been abating in South Nashville, but it seems to have still remained in that portion of the city. An unusual number of new cases were reported from that part of the city yesterday. It has also made its appearance in Fairfield, with prospects of increasing in that locality. It has also visited Rolling Mill Hill, which is almost altogether covered over with small negro shanties. From the manner in which the occupants live, all huddled up together, it is feared that it may there become a plague, with no small results. It was much worse yesterday along the Western depression, and along the Lick Branch bottom, and on Crawford and Criddle streets especially. There are, perhaps, more cases on these two short thoroughfares than upon any five of the longest streets. On them live some of the poorest as well as the most degraded people of which a city could well boast.

Here, from two to six persons occupy the same small, uncomfortable and cheerless room, filly furnished, and very unclean. These are the abodes in which disease and death have full sway. The sanitary department were engaged yesterday in disinfecting these two streets, and the thoroughfares and those places in their immediate vicinity.

Fifty barrels of tar were to have been burned over the city last night had it, not been for the rain. It would be a very wise and prudent course to pursue were this done nightly. It ought, in fact, to be done all the time while the pestilence remains amongst us. It must be fought in the most stubborn and relentless manner. We were slow enough, all know, to appreciate our danger at a time when much could have been accomplished towards preventing its spread. Dilly-dallying with this formidable disease is anything but encouraging.

Letter carriers Carr, Fuller, Lewis, and Joseph Carrels, money order clerk at the post-office, have been prostrated by the disease, but are reported as convalescing.

Judge John Lawrence was attacked with cholera at his office, on Cedar street, Monday, compelling him to return home immediately. His condition yesterday was very hopeful.

Captain William Driver, who was attacked with the prevailing disease last Saturday night, is convalescing. The attack was brought about by over exertion in waiting upon the sick of the neighborhood.

Officers Branch, McKinney, Corbitt and McAllister were much improved yesterday. The report that the first named was dead was erroneous.

Moses Venatta had been a driver for twenty-five years, and drove an omnibus for the Nashville Transfer Company for six years. He was attacked while on that vehicle Monday morning and died before night.

Jack McDowell, a marketer, threw away fifty bushels of beans, and M. C. Carpenter twelve barrels of beans, outside the corporate limits on the Granny White Pike yesterday. They had failed to find sale for them.

Buck McNish, a Broad street merchant, is recovering from an attack of the prevailing disease.

Other Tennessee Towns.

Six cholera deaths have occurred at Lebanon, and "a regular stampede" has taken place.

It is reported that a son, who had been afflicted with the prevailing disease, went to his mother's house between Nashville and Lebanon, when she shut the door upon him.

Two colored men died of cholera at Murfreesboro on the 17th.

Two cases have occurred at Morristown, and the people are very uneasy.

Two deaths are reported at Woodburn station, on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, and one at Bowling Green.

GALLATIN, June 17, 9:30 P. M.

There was a great panic this morning relative to the cholera, but it is quieter now. There were 3 colored and 1 white (Jacob Sackenberg) deaths up to 3 o'clock to-day. Hundreds have left town, and many more are leaving. Powell, proprietor of the National Hotel, died in the country. Captain J. W. Walton, living in the vicinity of Gallatin, was attacked violently this afternoon. We are more hopeful, as the disease readily yields to medicine when given in time. Twenty-three deaths to date.

Bootmaking was a brother to Mrs. Kate Bedour, of Nashville, who went up to Gallatin in the afternoon to view his remains for the last time.

Up to the 17th there had been five deaths from cholera in Greenville.

The Knoxville Press and Herald gives no sign of the appearance of the disease in its town, and we, therefore, discredit all reports to the contrary.

No reported trouble at Chattanooga.

Other Towns.

A negro died at Huntsville, Alabama, of cholera on Sunday. It was pronounced cholera by three physicians.

From the mortuary report for the week ending on the 15th day of June, we learn that there were only six deaths in New Orleans from cholera of all kinds.

The Cincinnati papers of the 17th disagree about the nature of the four cases that occurred in that city on the day before.

The Rome Daily Commercial has repeatedly heard, "through parties professing to come from Atlanta, that the cholera is in that city." The "parties professing to come from Atlanta," should study daily the story of Ananias and Sapphira. Not a case has occurred in Atlanta.

Summary of State News.

MILLEDGEVILLE.

The weather continues wet. Crops are, however, doing well, especially corn, although not enough has been planted. Cotton in some places is grassy, but generally is doing well.——The people are still grunting over the Capital, and won't be comforted.—*Union and Recorder.*

CALHOUN.

The potato bug is doing some damage here.——Green fruit is plentiful, and small boys complain of their stomachs.——Dr. H. S. Davenport, who has been in a helpless condition from paralysis for a number of years, died very suddenly from strangulation on last Wednesday.—*Times.*

ATHENS.

Citizens of Walton county inform us that cotton is badly in the grass, corn is not doing as well as desired—not enough planted; wheat about a half crop, and wheat looking well.——Athens is improving rapidly; new houses are going up in several localities.——MRS. MOORE, (widow of the late Major THOMAS MOORE,) died at six o'clock on Monday morning, after an illness of two or three weeks. She was highly esteemed in this community, and an old member of the Baptist Church.—*Southern Watchman.*

AUGUSTA.

Perspiration was the principal element on Tuesday.——Dog fights and mosquito music edify the natives.——On Tuesday, as the two o'clock train on the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Road was crossing Broad street, Mr. E. H. Summer attempted to jump from it with his valise in his hand. He lit on his back and elevated both legs, and thus escaped having them mashed off by the cars.——At a meeting of the officers of the Augusta Fire Department, Tuesday evening, Mr. Bryson resigned his position as Chief, on account of continued absence from the city. Mr. J. J. Moore and Mr. Frank Smyth were each nominated for the vacant place. The election comes off on the evening of the first Monday in July.—*Chronicle and Sentinel.*

SAVANNAH.

The Savannah juvenile darkies are some on sleep. On Tuesday one of their hopeful crowd, while asleep, rolled off from a shed fourteen feet high, bounced back ten feet into a parlor window, smashing $100 worth of furniture, and was just waking up when his anxious friends rushed in.——It was rumored yesterday that MRS. HODGSON had purchased the lot on the corner of Whitaker and Gaston streets, and that she intended erecting a magnificent hall as a memorial to her husband and deed-ing it to the Georgia Historical Society.——The Savannahians are advised by Harris to "purify," and are purifying.——Two negroes had a row at Montgomery yesterday. Results, one badly shot in the abdomen, the other *non est inventus.*——A bull dog had a fit and scared a negro woman so badly that she turned white. Barnum will engage her for his museum.——Willie Dawson, a boy about 13 years of age, shot himself in the head, while trying to load a derringer pistol. The wound is considered fatal.—*News.*

MACON.

The Bibb County Fair will open on Thursday morning, the 19th instant, at 10 o'clock. It promises to be a big thing, especially the baby show. Some difficulty is experienced in organizing the committee on babies on account of the inevitable wrath of disappointed mammas.——Frank Veasey, who claims to have been recently clerking with a prominent grocery house in Atlanta, stole a fine horse near Dadeville, Alabama, on the 12th, and is now in jail at that place.——The Right Rev. Bishop Gross, of Savannah, will deliver a lecture at the old capitol at Milledgeville on Thursday of next week, and the Catholics of this city have arranged for an excursion train to go over there.——The commencement exercises of the Wesleyan Female College begin on the 10th of July. The programme of speeches, literary exercises, etc., is very attractive. Forty-six young ladies end their college career with this term. This is one of the largest classes ever graduated from the college. The whole number of pupils in attendance upon the college is two hundred and twenty-four.——A number of the young ladies and gentlemen of Macon gave an amateur performance on Tuesday night for the joint benefit of the Macon Volunteers and the Ladies' Sewing Society of Christ Church. The performance consisted of tableaux, charades and vocal music. The hall was packed and everybody delighted.—*Telegraph and Messenger.*

COLUMBUS.

A Columbus nigger, who completed his term in the chain gang on Tuesday, was so elated that he refused to speak to a policeman who attempt to congratulate him.——On Tuesday morning a little son, aged 12 years, of William P. Young, proprietor of the Chewacla Lime Works, Youngsbars, Lee county, Alabama, fell into the machinery and was crushed to death.——A night or two ago several thieves entered the residence of Mr. Walker, late public school teacher, and stole two trunks containing clothing, silverware, jewelery, etc., valued at $150. No clue as yet to the perpetrators.——The corn crop in Harris county is looking very well, but cotton, as in other sections, is overrun with grass.—*Enquirer.*

The other night an honest citizen was aroused from his slumber by the crying of his interesting infant. Peering anxiously around he saw a figure moving about the room very noiselessly, and as if intent on robbery. The valiant citizen seized his pistol, shut both eyes, and blazed away. Screams of a pretty high pitch informed him that he had shot at the partner of his joys. Nobody was hurt, but both were pretty badly demoralized. Some lively explanations followed.——The students of Emory College have held a meeting and passed resolutions of respect and condolence touching the death of young Arminius Wright.—*Sun.*

☞ As some lady visitors were going through a certain penitentiary, under the escort of a superintendent, they came to a room in which three women were sewing. "Dear me!" one of the visitors whispered, "what vicious looking women! Pray, what are they here for?" "Because they have no home. This is our sitting room, and they are my wife and daughters," blandly answered the superintendent.

☞ A Kentucky farmer refused to look at a simple sewing machine recently, as he always "sowed wheat by hand." He is related to the man who did not want a threshing machine on his farm, "for," said he, "give me a harness tug or a barrel stave, and I can make my family toe the mark according to law and Scripter."

☞ A Western editor thus begins a description of the scenes of his happy boyhood: "It was one of those magnificent Maine farms with a solid granite foundation, slate roof, and ornamented with young mountains two or three rods apart. Hymen gum was our only sure crop, and we used to raise a few of the large red horse potatoes on account to New England soil. These potatoes, with cod fish, are the staple commodities on the coast of Maine.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

The New York Board of Underwriters and Atlanta City Council.

Cholera on the Increase in Nashville.

WASHINGTON.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—President Grant, accompanied by General Babcock, arrived here early this morning. He will return to Long Branch by Friday night's train. It is not supposed there will be any formal Cabinet meeting in the meantime, although the heads of departments will call on him for the transaction of business of a routine character.

A VISIT TO THE PRESIDENT.

Among the early callers on the President this morning were Messrs. Robb, Sage and Osborn, the commissioners appointed to inquire into the outrages and depredations on the Rio Grande. Although their visit was mainly one of courtesy, there was some incidental conversation relative to the results of the injuries.

The President expressed his satisfaction with the labors of the commission, and remarked that he would do all in his power to afford the required relief to those who had so severely suffered by the raids.

It was stated several days ago that there would be about twenty changes in the Consulates for the benefit of the President's Southern political friends. Several changes have already been made. The latest being the appointment of Henry Ray Myers, of Ala., as Consul at Hamilton, Ont., in place of Blake, suspended. The President has also appointed as Internal Revenue Collectors Josiah Andrews, for 2d district, Michigan, and Adam Nase, for 3d district, Illinois. Also, William F. Defree, of New Mexico, Agent for the Indians of the Maqueis Pueblo Agency, vice Croben, resigned.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, June 19.—Custom officers have shawls imported via Mexico at a thousand per cent. below value. The papers characterize a house implicated as heavy dealers and hitherto respectable.

Consul General Lucia, of Italy, publishes a card asserting that the sufferings of Italian children brought here as slaves have not been exaggerated in the least; but so far from his being to blame in the matter, he has been doing his utmost to stop the inhuman traffic. As one result the Italian Parliament has just passed an act making trading in children a felony, and seriously punishing not only those who employ them but parents who consent to their employment.

ATTENTION, CITY FATHERS.

At a meeting of the New York Board of Underwriters Mr. Howard called attention to the peril of fire in Atlanta, where the City Council have just decided that they will not provide a supply of water. This matter was referred to the Executive Committee.

TENNESSEE.

CHOLERA.

NASHVILLE, June 19.—The cholera is unabating. Three draymen were attacked in the streets. There were thirty deaths yesterday, of which eight were white and twenty-two black.

MISSOURI.

INSURANCE.

ST. LOUIS, June 19.—The Railroad Life Insurance Convention meets next year at Richmond, Virginia.

CALIFORNIA.

ARRIVED.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 19.—Ship Caravan, 225 days from New York, has arrived. She was not seen or heard from during the voyage.

THE MODOCS.

YREKA, June 19.—Curley Headed Jack shot himself.

Several of the Modocs had filed their shackles, but their escape prevented.

OHIO.

CHOLERA.

CINCINNATI, June 19.—Two deaths from cholera symptoms.

NOVA SCOTIA.

YELLOW FEVER.

HALIFAX, June 19.—The ship Dorris from New Providence brought six cases of yellow fever. One was buried at sea.

Financial and Commercial

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, June 19.—Cotton quiet and nominal; middling uplands 21; sales 130 bales.

Cotton—Sales for future delivery to-day, opened as follows: July, 20 11-16. August, 20 9-16a20¾. September, 19 3-16@19 7-16. October 18¾. November, 18¼.

Flour dull and heavy. Wheat quiet and unchanged. Corn dull and heavy. Pork quiet and weak—new $16 87½. Lard steady—western steam 8 15-16. Turpentine steady at 45¼. Rosin steady at $3 for strained. Freights firm.

Stocks dull. Gold steady at 15 7-8. Money easy at 3a5. Exchange—long 9; short 10. Governments dull and heavy. State bonds quiet.

Arrived—Ship Cambria.

LONDON, June 19—Consols 92¾. Five 69 5-8.

PARIS, June 19.—Rentes 55f. 95c.

LIVERPOOL, June 19, noon.—Cotton opened quiet and steady; uplands 8 7-8a9; Orleans 9 1-8a9 1-4.

LATER.—Cotton quiet and steady; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000. Savannah and Charleston, June delivery, 8 13-16; July or August 8¾.

Market Reports—From Chamber of Commerce.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, ATLANTA, June 19, 1873.

Cotton—Middling, 18x18½; low middling, 16¼a17; good ordinary, 14; ordinary, 11.

Flour—Fancy, $10 50a11; extra family, $10a10 25; family @ 23a9 50; extra $9a9 20; superfine, $8 50a7 50; fine $4a6.

Wheat nominal—Red, $1 70; white, $1 80.

Lime—45a50c per bushel.

Corn—Yellow, 75c by car load, and white 80c.

Meal, 60a62½.

Lard—Tierce, 10¾a11; keg, 11¼; bucket, 11¾a12.

Bacon—Clear sides, 11 1-4; clear rib, 11; shoulders, 9¾. Plain hams 12a13 1-2; sugar cured 15 1-2a16.

Bulk—Clear sides, 10 1-2; clear rib, 10 1-4.

Hay—Timothy, $1 60a1 75; clover, $1 55a165.

Oats 55.

The above quotations represent wholesale prices, and are to-day approved by the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current.

CORRECTED DAILY.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, June 19, 3 o'clock, P. M.

REMARKS.—We note but little activity or any quotable change this morning.

Cotton active at 17¼a18c.

Exchange—buying at par, selling at ¼ premium.

Money, 1a1½ per cent.

Gold—Buying at 1 14; selling at 1 16.

Silver—Buying 1 06, selling 1 10.

Corn Meal 62a63.

Eggs—We quote from wagons 15¼.

Chickens—Grown, 25a30c; spring, 15a22.

Butter 20a30c.

Sugars—Crushed 12¾; powdered 12¼; granulated 12; Demarra 11 1-2a12 standard A 12¼; extra C 12; yellow C 11¼; brown 10¼a11 1-2.

Salt—Liverpool $2 25a2 30; Virginia $2.

Molasses—Hogsheads 37; barrels 32; New Orleans syrup 75a80.

Candles—Full weights 20 1-2a21.

Coffee—Java 27a30; Mocca 22a25; Rio 23¼a26.

Tallow 8a8 1-2; beeswax 28.

Bonds and Stocks—Georgia 6s, 77a79; 7s, 89a91; new Georgia bonds at the State Treasury, 8 per cent. non-taxable, $1. Atlanta city bonds, 7s 70a72; 8s, 80a82. Augusta, 83a85. Georgia Railroad stock, 94a96; Georgia Rail Road bonds, 93a95. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock, 83a86; Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds, 94a96. Macon and Western Railroad stock, 89a91. Rome city 7s, 68a72. Savannah, 85.

Cotton Goods—Graniteville—3-4 sheetings, 9 per yard, 7-8 sheetings 11 per yard, 4-4 sheetings 12 1-2 per yard, 7-8 drills 13 per yard. Augusta—3-4 shirtings 9 per yard; 7-8 shirtings 11 per yard, 4-4 sheetings 12 1-2 per yard, 7-8 drill 13 per yard. Montour—7-8 shirtings 10 1-2, 4-4 sheetings 12 per yard, 8 oz. osnaburgs 16 1-2. Alabama and Georgia—7-8 shirtings 10 1-2 per yard, 4-4 sheetings 12 per yard. Georgia—7-8 shirtings 10½ per yard. Chattahoochee—4-4 sheetings 12 per yard. Athens—Checks 14 1-2 per yard, stripes 13 per yard, yarns, all numbers, $1 50 per bunch. Troup—8 oz. osnaburgs 16 1-2 per yard, 8 oz. checks and stripes 20 per yard. Richmond—Light osnaburgs 13 per yard, stripes 14 per yard. Anawaka—Cotton rope, all sizes, 30 per pound. Eagle and Phoenix—Sewing thread, all Nos., 60 per pound. Willcoxon—Cotton yarns, All Nos., $1 55 per bunch, knitting cotton 70 per pound. Woodstock—Cotton yarns, all Nos., $1 55 per bunch. Concord woolen goods—Spring and summer cassimeres 85a75; winter cassimeres 90a$1 25; jeans 75a85.

Roswell Mills—4-4 sheeting 12¢; 7-8 11c. yarns $1 15; sewing and knitting thread 50c.

Prints—Wamsutta, 8; Bedford, 8; Amoskeag, 8½; Arnold, 10; Albions, 11; Sprigues, 11; Richmond, 11; Dunnells, 11.

Hardware—Nails, per keg, 10d to 50d $5 75; 8d, 6 00; 6d, 6 25; 4d, 6 50; 3d, 7 75; fine 9 25; finishing, different kinds of corresponding numbers, 75 cents on above prices. Iron—Tire, 1 1-2 in. to 4 by 1 1-2, 6 00; smaller sizes 50c advance; rod 12. Axes—Collin's $14 00a15 00; Shovels, Ames's $15 50; Roland's $15 00; Stone's $13 50; solid cast steel, R. R., 18. Coffee mills 3 75a10 00. Cast steel 22; springs 23; axles 10a11; sad irons 7; horse shoes 9 00; mule shoes 9 00; horse shoe nails 30a35; H. B. hams 9 00.

Tobacco—Common sound stock, winter work 43; medium 18@2, summer work 48a50; medium bright 55a60; fine as above, according to grade, 60a75; W. D. Stutt's AAAA about exhausted; 1 10; bright navy 6s 55a60; black navy 50a52; J. Whited; ambrosia, 4 oz 75a80; Cashia's No. 1 80a85.

Liquors—No change to quote, a fair supply in market. Corn whisky $1 00a2 00; Rye 1 00a6 00; Robinson county 2 00a2 50; Bourbon 1 00a3 00; Irish and Scotch 4 00a6 00; Brandy—peach and apple 2 25a3 50; Cognac 1 50a12 00; cherry and ginger 1 50a2 00; gin 1 25a5 00; rum 1 50a8 00; Champaigne 20 00a45 00 basket; wines, various brands, 1 75a6 00.

Paints and Oils—Kerosene, 32 per 24¢; 4 bl 47a48. Linseed, raw, $1 10; boiled, 1 18. Lard, winter strain, 85; No. 1, 82; No. 2, 76. Turpentine, 80. Varnishes, copal, No. 1, 1 50 a1 60; Japan brown, 1 39a1 40; asphaltum, 1 25a1 35; coach, extra No. 1, 2 50a2 75; English Varnishes, 4 75a8 00, according to quality. Chrome, green and yellow, in bulk, 18. White lead, Sunny South, strictly pure, 11 50 by the ton. Yellow ochre, 3 50; Spanish brown, 5 00. Castor oil, 21c. per lb; fish oil, 75a80.

Powder and Shot—Rifle, F. F. F. G., per keg, $7 50; half, 4 15; quarter, 2 35; canister; F. F. F. G., 1 lb., per case 25 lbs., 15 00 American, 21 00; electric, No. 1, 2, 3, 30 00; 5 lbs. canister, per canister, 2 50; duck, sporting, 4 00; blasting powder, bright grazed, 1 f. 2 f, 1, 5 25.

Peas—Mixed $1 20a1 25; clay $1 45a1 50; white 1 75.

Cattle and Sheep—Buying prices, beef cattle, gross, 5a5 1-2; net 9a10; good mutton, gross, 5 1-2a6; net 12 1-2.

Fish—Trade pretty good. Mackerel, No. 3, bbls., 10 50; No. 2, half bbls., $7; No. 3, half bbls., $5 50; No. 1, kits, $1 65; No. 2, kits, $1 50; No. 3, kits, $1 25.

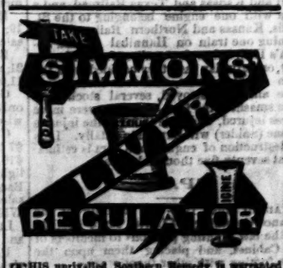
Wool—Burred 20a30; unwashed 30a40; washed 45a50.

Baling stuff—Limited supply. Gunny 15 Western brands 16a16½; double anchor and Ludlow 16½; ties 8½a9—nominal prices.

Dressed Meats—Tennessee and Kentucky beef by the side 9a10. Mutton, whole, 10a12. Hogs scarce 8a10. Veal 10. Corned beef 15. Bran—$1 20a1 25, mill prices.

Beans—Mixed $1 50; white $2 00.

Hay—Western timothy $1 65a1 70; clover 1 50a1 60; mixed, 1 65a1 70; Georgia 1 50a1 60.



THIS unrivalled Southern Remedy is warranted not to contain a single particle of MERCURY, or any injurious mineral substance, but is

PURELY VEGETABLE,

containing those Southern Roots and Herbs, which an all-wise Providence has planted in our midst, where Liver Diseases most prevail. It will Cure all Diseases caused by Derangement of the Liver.

The SYMPTOMS of a Torpid Liver are a bad or bad taste in the mouth; Pain in the Back, Sides or Joints, often mistaken for Rheumatism; Sour Stomach, Loss of Appetite; Bowels alternately costive and lax; Headache; Loss of memory, with a painful sensation of having failed to do something which ought to have been done; Debility, Low Spirits, a thick yellow appearance of the Skin and Eyes, a dry Cough often mistaken for Consumption. Sometimes many of these symptoms attend the disease, and in other cases very few; but the Liver is the largest organ in the body, and when diseased is the source of the most of the pain and sickness in the system, and if not Regulated in time, great suffering, wretchedness and DEATH will ensue.

This Great Unfailing SPECIFIC will not be found the Least Unpleasant.

For DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Flatulence, Bilious attacks, SICK HEADACHE, Colic, Depression of Spirits, SOUR STOMACH, Heart Burn, &c., &c., Simmons' Liver Regulator, or Medicine, Is the Cheapest Purest and Best Family Medicine in the World!

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

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MACON, GA., AND PHILADELPHIA.

PRICE $1 00. Sold by all Druggists.

jan8—(first-page-4-col-m)

GEORGIA, Fulton County.

TO THE SUPERIOR COURT OF SAID COUNTY.

YOUR PETITIONERS, J. H. Inman, H. I. Aspinwall, Alfred Austell, G. W. Adair, John Flynn, T. M. Clarke, J. P. Logan, J. M. Boring, A. C. Scott-Inerin, James R. Caldwell, James M. Dabney, and L. B. Buckley, together with such persons as may associate and become interested in the enterprise hereinafter mentioned, desire to be incorporated for the term of twenty years, under the name and style of the ATLANTA HOSE-TAR ASSOCIATION, for the purpose of establishing, maintaining and conducting, in the City of Atlanta, in said county, a Hose-Tar Factory, with all necessary machinery for the use of the steam engine.

The object of your petitioners being purely benevolent, and for the benefit of the public, they ask that no fee or reward for said charter may be required, but that the same be granted, free of charge, by the Clerk of said Court, or by the Judge thereof, as may be required by law, or by such other person or persons as may be required by law, or in accordance with the usage and practice in such cases.

And your petitioners will ever pray, &c.

April 4, 1873.

ALFRED AUSTELL, Attorney for Petitioners.

A true extract from the original petition filed and recorded this day, in my office. April 4, 1873.

W. E. TERRELL, Clerk Superior Court, Fulton county.

may27—dlw6w

LIBRARY GIFT CONCERT.

A Full Drawing Certain.

$500,000 in Bank to Pay Gifts.

10,000 Cash Gifts Paid in Full.

$100,000 for only $10.

THROUGH one of the 100,000 tickets issued for the LIBRARY GRAND GIFT CONCERT, in aid of the Public Library of Kentucky, having been sold to insure a full drawing, and the wish having been universally expressed that the $10,000 cash gifts offered should be drawn in full and paid in full without any winding down, as heretofore, the management, with the concurrence of the trustees, have determined to allow ninety days more for the sale of the remnant of tickets left on hand. The concert and distribution advertised for April 8 is therefore postponed to Tuesday, July 8, 1873, on which day, and no other, they will positively and unequivocally take place in Public Library Hall, Louisville, KY.

At this grand concert the following cash gifts will be distributed by lot and paid in full to the ticket-holders who draw them:

LIST OF GIFTS.

One Grand Cash Gift		$100,000
" " "		50,000
" " "		35,000
" " "		20,000
" " "		10,000
24 Cash Gifts of	$1,000 each	24,000
50 " " "	500 "	25,000
80 " " "	400 "	32,000
100 " " "	300 "	30,000
150 " " "	200 "	30,000
500 " " "	100 "	50,000
9,000 " " "	10 "	90,000
Total, 10,000 Gifts all Cash		$500,000

The money to pay all these gifts in full is now upon deposit in the Farmers' and Drovers' Bank of Louisville, and set aside for that purpose, and can only be used for that purpose, as will be seen by the following certificate of the Cashier:

OFFICE OF FARMERS' AND DROVERS' BANK, LOUISVILLE, KY., April 7, 1873.

This is to certify that, there is in the Farmers' and Drovers' Bank to the credit of the Third Grand Gift Concert, for the benefit of the Public Library of Kentucky, five hundred thousand dollars, which has been set apart by the managers to pay the gifts in full, and will be held by the bank and paid out for this purpose, and this purpose only.

R. S. VERCH, Cashier.

The party, therefore, who holds the ticket drawing the capital gift will get $100,000 in greenbacks, and so of the $50,000 gift, the $35,000, the $20,000, the $10,000, the $5,000, and all the other gifts, 10,000 in number, amounting to $500,000.

The remnant of unsold tickets will be furnished to those who first apply (orders accompanied by the money always having preference over agents) at the following prices: Whole tickets $10; halves, $5; and quarters, $3 50. But 11 whole tickets for $100; 56 for $500, 115 for $1,000, and 575 for $5,000. No discount on less than $10 worth of tickets at a time.

The concert and distribution of gifts will begin at 8 o'clock, on Tuesday morning, July 8, in Public Library hall, and the following will be the order of proceedings: 1st. Music by orchestral band 2d. Placing of tags (one for each ticket sold) in large wheel. 3d. Placing of gifts in small wheel. 4th. Music by orchestral band. 5th. Explanatory remarks by the President. 6th. Drawing of first half of gifts. 7th. Music by orchestral band. 8th. Drawing of last half of gifts. 9th. Placing of large wheel with tags in hands of committee appointed by audience. 10th. Grand orchestral concert.

The music on this grand occasion will be the best that can be procured, and the gentlemen who count and place the tags and gifts in the wheels and superintend the drawing and keep the record of the drawn numbers will be chosen from the best known and most trustworthy citizens of the State. All will be so conducted as to be a perfect guarantee against complaint from any just source.

The payment of gifts will begin on Saturday, July 19th, at 9 o'clock A. M. Tickets drawing gifts must be presented at room No. 4, Public Library building, where said checks will be paid by the Farmers' and Drovers' Bank of Louisville, or sight drafts upon the Fourth National Bank of New York, at the option of the holder, will be given for the amount. All gifts not called for in 6 months from the drawing, will be turned over to the Public Library fund.

For full particulars send for circulars.

THOMAS E. BRAMLEITE,

Agent Public Library of Kentucky, Louisville, KY.

Phillips & Crew, and Rawlins & Fox, Agents, Atlanta, Georgia.

april 30—cd Mon and Thu and weow1m1y1

LANDRUM & BRO.,

Peachtree Street,

HAVE ADDED TO THEIR STOCK OF FAMILY Groceries a large lot of TOYS and CONFECTIONERIES, at very low prices. Also, a SODA FOUNT, where you can get good ice cold soda water at five cents a glass.

Give them a call.

jel4 1w

ANCHOR LINE STEAMERS

Sail from Pier 20, North River, New York

EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

The passenger accommodations on Steamers of this line are unsurpassed for elegance and comfort. Cabin State rooms are all on upper deck, thus securing good light and ventilation.

RATES OF PASSAGE TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, OR LONDONDERRY.

	Sat. steamers.	Wed. steamers.
	Gold.	Currency.
Cabins	$75 and $65.	$75 and $65
Cabin return tickets		
covering best ac-commodations	$130	$130
Steerage, currency, $30.		

Certificates for passage from any seaport or railway station in Great Britain, Ireland or the continent at RATES AS LOW AS BY ANY OTHER FIRST-CLASS LINE.

For passage apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 7 Bowling Green, N. Y. or to F. F. COULTER, Southern Express Agent. may9-6-eod-3m Atlanta.

Roswell Mills.

Roswell, Cobb County, Georgia,

ARE constantly manufac uring 4-4 a d 7-8

Standard Brown Goods,

Excellent YARNS and SEWING AND KNITTING THREADS, nicely balled. 4-4 goods 13½c; 7-8 goods 11c; yarns $1 65; sewing and knitting threads, 50c. Terms liberal as to time, and discount for cash.

June6—3tw A. J. HASKELL, President.

DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDER

Has long been regarded as the best and cheapest Baking Powder in use. Perfectly pure and healthy. It makes, at short notice, delicious Biscuits, Rolls &c. There need be no waste of food prepared with it, as it is always of the best quality. We would say to those who have never used it that a very few trials will enable them to use it, not only with entire success, but with economy.

Put up in full, NET weight, as represented. Grocers and Dealers sell it.

DOOLEY & BROTHER, Prop'rs, 69 New Street, NEW YORK CITY.

SUMMER RESORTS.

SWEET SPRINGS,

Monroe County, West Va.

THIS well known and favorite WATERING PLACE will be open on the 15th of June, with ample accommodations for 250 guests.

TERMS—$3 per day; $20 for one month; $50 per month for two or more months.

For further information apply to

GEORGE McGOVERN, Superintendent.

june6—ndlllJuly1

GETTYSBURG KATALYSINE WATER.

THE United States Dispensatory, the authorized record of our National Medicines, knows this water with the most unbiased Algebraic or Arithmetical figures of Magic. It has stamped upon it the seal of approval by the most eminent medical men in the land, and is used under the prescription of the Faculty in the Army and Navy Hospitals, and throughout the country. This is the Gettysburg Katalysine Water that was in such demand at the Centennial Exhibition, and received the highest premium. Its great popularity, as an all-round Medicinal Water, has called forth numerous imitations, and purchasers should insist upon having the genuine article, which is put up in bottles with the name of the Spring blown in the glass, and has the signature of the Proprietor on the label. Sold by Druggists generally.

SUMMER RESORTS.

CATOOSA SPRINGS.

THE WONDERFUL FOUNTAINS OF

HEALTH and PLEASURE.

The Brightest Spot in the Sunny South.

ARE located in the PIEDMONT REGION OF GEORGIA, twenty-five miles southeast of Chattanooga, Tenn., and within two miles of the Western and Atlantic Railroad. These Springs, fifty-two in number, embrace

Every Variety of Mineral Water

Found in the famous mountains of Virginia, White, Red, and Black sulphur, Alegheny, Alkaline and Chalybeate, Magnetism, Soda and Iodine; as also the waters characterizing the Montvale Springs of Tennessee, and the Radium Springs of Georgia; all of which are to be found here in abundance, within the compass of this "Magic Vale," affording a certain cure for Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaints, Scrofula, all kinds of Cutaneous Affections; and in fact, every disease that human flesh is heir to.

Connection is made by all trains of the Western and Atlantic Railroad with a line of first-class stages for Cat Springs, where you arrive in about fifteen minutes.

Board.....$50 per month.

Visitors will be greeted with STRAINS OF SOOTHING MUSIC, and an

"OLD VIRGINIA WELCOME."

The Hotel and Cottage Buildings are in thorough condition, newly painted, and furnished with entirely new appointments.

The Hotel will be first-class in every particular. A magnificent Ball Room, one hundred by thirty feet, and elegantly fitted parlors.

A Billiard and Bar Room, seventy-five feet long, and a capacious Bowling Saloon.

Direct Telegraphic and Postal Communication.

The buildings and grounds will be brilliantly illuminated with gas, and perfect protection will be afforded the visitors to Catoosa Springs.

The above Watering Place will be opened to patronage, June 1, 1873, by W. C. HEWITT.

june15—d3w1m a-c

WHITE CLIFF SPRINGS,

THE PROPRIETOR OF "MOUSE CREEK HOTEL," Mouse Creek, Tennessee, has leased the above Springs, and will open the Hotel at White Cliff, for the reception of guests by 1st of June. These Springs are

Situated on Chilhowee Mountain,

Monroe county, East Tennessee, sixteen miles from Mouse Creek, the nearest point from the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad. They are located at an elevation of about 1,200 feet above Conasauga Valley, in a dry, pure and very invigorating atmosphere, affording an extensive and beautiful view of the surrounding country.

The Proprietor will run a daily line of Hacks between Mouse Creek and the Springs, making connections with trains.

RATES OF BOARD:

Board and lodging per day	$ 2 00
" " " week	9 00
" " " month	30 00

J. H. MANSELL, Proprietor.

may3—dlm-sun-tues there

Atlanta Water Cure.

DR. F. KALOW,

Corner of Hunter and Bell Sts.

DR. KALOW, well known through his great and rapid cures, has returned to our city and has opened again an establishment for the cure of all Chronic Diseases, of which he would respectfully inform the citizens of Atlanta and surrounding country.

Liver Complaint, Fever, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Sterility, Asthma, Nervous Affections, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Scrofula, Diseases peculiar to Women, all Impurities of the Blood, skin Diseases, Kidney and Bladder Complaint, Stoppage of the Water, Stricture, Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Sores and Sore Complaint after Measles and Scarlatina, etc., etc.

As proof of his success, the Doctor takes pleasure in referring to the following persons: Mr. T. W. Rucker, of Chap

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF STATE, COUNTY AND CITY.

The Largest City, County and State Circulation.

DEFIES REFUTATION

To LAWYERS.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION by the Reporter of the Court.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—We do not send communications and correspondence. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we cannot undertake either to return or preserve.

ATLANTA:

FRIDAY, JUNE 20, 1873.

Supreme Court Decisions.

Our pamphlet of the Decisions will be ready next week. Lawyers will please send in their orders. Price $1 per copy.

☞ On account of continued ill health, Mr. R. R. Thurmond partially suspends his connection with the Greensboro Herald; and Dr. J. Irving Westervelt assumes the duties of associate editor. Mr. Thurmond will still write for the Herald as he may be able. We trust that Mr. T. will fully regain that indispensable article called health. Dr. Westervelt is not a novice in the work he has undertaken, and declares his intention to give satisfaction. We wish him success.

☞ Will not the Board of Health, at their meeting of this afternoon, consider the matter of vegetable sales within the city? Should not the stalls be inspected daily? That unripe, decayed, unhealthy vegetables and fruits are offered for sale, and are sold daily, and consumed within the city, everybody knows who has eyes. All the doctors agree that such articles are prolific breeders of cholera. Let the Board of Health consider the subject, and make such recommendations as the urgency of the circumstances seems to demand. The people demand that every sanitary precaution shall be exhausted.

Cholera Germs.

Dr. William A. Hammond, late Surgeon General of the United States Army, thus states the accepted theory of scientific men generally, in relation to cholera:

"You know that what are known as preventable diseases proceed from contact with germs which float off the infected surfaces and are transmitted by currents of air to healthy bodies. These germs are found in the blood of persons affected by these diseases, but are not distinctively recognizable. I mean that a germ that produces one of this class of disease does not differ perceptibly in appearance from those that produce another. I have, however, no hesitation in saying the germs which produce cholera are contained in the emanations from human excrements, and that at this moment the seeds of cholera are sowing among the tenement population of New York, and only lack heat and moisture enough to spring into life and pestilence.

If the coming summer is a wet one, as well as a hot one, then we need not wait for impregnation from abroad to have cholera in New York?"

Make all the conditions favorable, says the Nashville Union and American, and you see a fair crop of poisonous fungi. We cannot tell why the germs of pestilence grow, any more than we can why those of mould and mildew are propagated on damp leather, cheese or bread in a warm room. The seeds of cholera are as universally diffused as those of common mould, rust on wheat or of mildew. These microscopic germs amount to nothing unless the conditions favor their growth or endless multiplication.

Dr. G. H. Hamilton said that cholera was once produced in Philadelphia by the decaying of a single cabbage in a cellar. No poison that could emanate from one cabbage, or the excrement formed from it, could contaminate a whole city like Philadelphia; but a force might spring from the organized elements in a cabbage that would extend decay and dissolution to human bodies deeply impregnated with morbific atoms before the cholera germs from the cabbage took effect. The rotting of vegetable and animal substances are chemical operations quite as much as combustion. All depend on conditions. A person takes a severe cold, the cholera, or small-pox, when all the conditions are favorable. To a great extent we have only ourselves to blame for such perilous conditions.

A Dutchman went to the lottery office in Louisville the other day and inquired for ticket No. 9. He either wanted 9, or 99, or 999, or 9,999. But no other number would satisfy him. On inquiry as to his reasons for this particular number, the following facts in his life were learned: He came to this country when 9 years old. After he had been here 9 years he got married. Nine months after the wedding his wife gave him a child. The baby when 9 days old was christened. He lived with his wife 9 years, and during that period she presented him with 9 children. Then he had a fuss with her, and she banged him over the head 9 times with the stave of a beer keg, from the effects of which he lay in bed 9 days. He left that wife then, and had been a grass-widower just 9 years on the day he applied for the ticket. He hoped with ticket No. 9 to draw money enough to recuperate his finances, which were reduced to $9, which he offered for the ticket. On being informed that there was no ticket remaining the number of which was composed entirely of 9's, he looked dejected, but immediately went out and drank 9 glasses of beer. Then he returned and said he would wait until only 9 tickets were left, and then take them all.

A Daughter for a Wife.

A letter dated St. Paul, Minn., June 9, says: About two weeks ago the remains of one Carl Boetcher, of Tyrone Township, La Sueur county, were found on a hill-side, near the Minnesota river, a few miles from his home, from which he disappeared in the winter of 1871-72. On the inquest it was made public that a year before his death Boetcher, being a widower, made a strange trade with a farm hand in his employ. The man had a comely wife; Boetcher had a grown-up daughter; these they exchanged. Boetcher taking the man's wife and the man receiving the daughter in her place. A child was born to the younger woman, and this led to exposure and threats of prosecution. Boetcher feared he would be sent to the penitentiary, and to escape that fate wandered to a hill-side, and there, swallowing a fatal dose of poison, laid down and died. It did not appear that the women objected to the transfer, or that either of the parties to the trade looked upon it other than a fair and proper exchange. They all came to this country from the darkest peasant life of Germany.

☞ Suppose a man and a girl were married, and—which is, of course, impossible—that, at the time of the hymeneal contract, the man was thirty-five years old and the girl five—which makes the last seven times as old as the girl. They live together until the girl is ten years old—this makes him forty years old and four times as old as the girl; they lived until she was fifteen, the man being forty-five—this makes the man three times as old; they still live, she is thirty years old—this makes the man sixty, only twice as old; and now, as we haven't time to work it out, perhaps some one will be good enough to tell us how long they will have to live to make the girl as old as the man.

☞ In Indiana lately a lady gave a brilliant party on the occasion of the success of her application for a divorce. The guests who crowded her brilliant parlors were enthusiastic in their congratulations, and on leaving at a late hour each wished the fair hostess many returns of the happy occasion.

☞ "Of course Washington will call Abraham Lincoln to bring Webster Seward in out o' de wet or I'll be for you in two. Dat blessed chile might hatch de death o' cold for all you lazy niggers 'tall how."—*Indianapolis Sentinel.*

RICHMOND TO ATLANTA.

Completion of the Great Air-Line Connecting the Two Cities.

John C. Calhoun's Prophecy in Regard to the Road.

Mr. Calhoun on Nullification.

[Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

RICHMOND, June 14, 1873.

The near approach of the completion of the Richmond and Atlanta Air-Line is in itself an event of paramount importance not only to the city of Richmond, but to the whole country. Connected with the history of the road there are some incidents, never before made public, which cannot fail to interest the readers of the Courier-Journal, and, indeed, every cultivated person in the Republic.

Do you know that

JOHN C. CALHOUN IS THE FATHER

of this Richmond and Atlanta road? It is even so! In the month of January, 1839, Mr. Thomas T. Giles, the son of Governor Wm. B. Giles, and Mr. Gustavus A. Myers, both young men, entering the carriage of the latter drove to Hanover Court-house. There they entered the stage for Aquia creek, having engaged seats before leaving home. Among the passengers was a gentleman who kept his head bowed down upon the leathern strap which served as a back to the middle seat. He was evidently plunged in deep thought, and, though he spoke not a word, the occasional convulsive clenching of his hands showed internal agitation of no ordinary kind. Mr. Giles having observed him attentively, said to his friend, Mr. Myers:

"That is John C. Calhoun."

"I think not," was the reply.

"I know it, and will prove it."

Mr. Giles then began to talk in rather a loud tone about the resolutions in favor of nullification which John Randolph had but a short time since induced the citizens of Charlotte county to pass, expressing his dissent from them.

Mr. Calhoun, for he it was, at once raised his head.

"Do you know Mr. Randolph, sir?"

"Yes, sir, I know him quite well."

"Do you live in his district?"

"No, sir; but in the one adjoining it."

"I am surprised, sir, that one who knows that great man so well, and who lives so near him should disapprove his course."

Mr. Giles, in order to draw the eminent Carolinian out, defined his position as best he could, and Mr. Calhoun waxed eloquent in defense of his own views. When the stage stopped in Fredericksburg, a great number of citizens called on Mr. Calhoun at the hotel, and in the course of conversation Mr. C. asked who that young man was, pointing to Giles. Hearing his name, he at once stepped up to him, offered his hand, said that he knew his father, Gov. Giles, well, and expressed his regret at having spoken perhaps with too much warmth.

"No," said Giles, "it is I who should apologize, which I now do most sincerely. To be frank with you, the discussion was the result of a plot on the part of my friend Myers and myself to draw you out."

"Well," said Mr. Calhoun, laughing, "I must confess that I was fairly caught."

On re-entering the stage conversation was resumed, and the subject of railroads was brought up, Mr. Giles saying that he expected to go from Ellicott's mills to Baltimore on perhaps the only railroad then existing in America. Mr. Giles did go that distance by rail, but the motive power was a mule. Mr. Calhoun, addressing his young auditor, said:

"DID YOU EVER HEAR OF ATLANTA?"

"Never in my life," said Giles.

"You will not find it on any map of the United States. It is hardly to be called a village; there is a tavern there and little else, but that place is destined to become one of the great railroad centers of the United States."

He then explained at length the peculiar geographical situation of Atlanta, just where the Appalachian range, terminating abruptly, afforded a natural gateway for the products of the Southwest to the waters of the Atlantic, and to the great markets on its coast.

"Now," he continued, "if you will take a large map of Georgia, find Atlanta, make a dot defining its position on the map of the United States, and place one end of a string at Richmond and the other at Atlanta, you will see the natural route of an important railroad, and you will see not only where it ought to go, but where it actually will go. You, Mr. Giles, will live to see that road built; I may not. It will pass your own residence, Amelia C. H.; it will pass Burke's Tavern (now called Barkeville Junction;) it will go by Danville, by Greensboro, by Charlotte, N. C, and thence to Atlanta, Georgia."

This in substance, and almost in words, was Mr. Calhoun's

REMARKABLE PREDICTION,

made one January night forty years ago. Mr. Giles was so impressed by it that as soon as he returned home he began to agitate in favor of it, and to solicit subscriptions for a road from Richmond to Danville, that being a sufficiently great undertaking to be attempted at the outset. Nearly every one ascribes to the late Whitwell P. Tunstall the paternity of the Danville road, but the truth is that, while he fought it through with indomitable courage and rare tact, to Mr. Calhoun first, and afterwards to Mr. Giles, Lewis E. Harvie, Benjamin M. Jones, an engineer, and Mr. Milford, an Englishman, the people of Richmond are indebted for a highway which has proved more valuable to her than any other, and without which her proud position as the capital of the Southern Confederacy could not have been maintained a year. The gentlemen just named called a meeting at Farmville, but the friends of other lines assembled there in such numbers that the meeting was adjourned to Charlotte Court House. Thither came Tunstall and Vincent Witcher to oppose it, but they were converted into its warmest champions. Tunstall and his road were much divided while in progress, but no sooner had it touched the fertile valley of Dan River than such a volume of trade was poured into Richmond which silenced all satire forever. Danville was reached, but the

OBJECTIVE POINT WAS ATLANTA,

and from that the friends of the road never swerved. North Carolina opposed the extension to Greensboro, but the war came and made it a military necessity. After the war the struggle was to get possession or to obtain a lease of the road to Charlotte, and to raise the means to build the prolongation to Atlanta. Colonel Buford, who succeeded Mr. Lewis E. Harvie as President, devoted himself to this by no means easy task with such assiduity and incessant labor as to break down his health for a long time and almost to destroy his life. His health is restored, and he will be a happy man some day this month, perhaps not a week hence, when the last rail is laid, the last spike driven and the Richmond and Atlanta Air Line is *au fait accompli*. Richmond, too, will have additional cause to rejoice, for

THE ADVANTAGES OF THIS ROAD

can hardly be overestimated. Unless your correspondent is much mistaken, they will rival if they do not surpass the advantages of the Chesapeake and Ohio road, and be second only to those of the James River and Kanawha Canal, whenever that shall be completed. This much is certain, that every through passenger and every ounce of through freight over this road must pass immediately through Richmond, and even if the connection be made between Burkeville and Hanover Junction, both trade and travel must pass right by the door of Richmond, and at both she will have, as the first large Southern city, the first and best chance. Mr. Garrett, by means of the Lynchburg and Danville road, may for a while draw off some of the travel, but in process of time, when all the connections of the Air-line are perfected, Richmond will have nothing to fear from Garrett or any one else.

This road, by easy grades, passes through Piedmont, a rolling, pastoral, beautiful section of the country. There is no danger to be feared from the slides in deep cuts or the falls from high embankments, and the traveler from the moment he leaves Richmond may bid defiance to frost and snow.

☞ The whole number of members of the Forty-Second Congress who have returned their back pay to the Treasury is forty-four. Of these twelve are Senators and thirty-two are Representatives. The total amount returned is $129,231, an average of $4,196 for each member.

☞ Young ladies who are accustomed to read newspapers are always observed to possess winning ways, most sensible dispositions, invariably make good wives, and always secure good husbands.

CHOLERA IN NASHVILLE.

History of its Previous Visitations—Some Interesting Facts and Figures.

[From the Nashville Dispatch, October 11, 1866.]

The cholera broke out in Nashville in 1833, its first visit to this country, and during that year there were 174 deaths from the disease. It did not revisit Nashville in 1834, but did in 1835, when 65 persons fell victims to the pestilence. In 1849, it again made its appearance, sweeping off 311 persons. It revisited the city in 1860, and there were 316 deaths from the disease in that year. It did not reappear until 1834. We have not the statistics of the cholera for that year, but the total number of deaths from all causes shows an increase of 169 over that of the previous year, so that there were probably from 150 to 200 deaths by cholera.

There was a fatal case of cholera in this city on the 9th of August, 1863, being that of a negro woman who arrived here from Cincinnati, where cholera was raging in epidemic form, and who was suffering from an attack of the disease. No new cases occurring, our citizens had quietly settled down in the belief that we should be spared a visit from this terrible pestilence. But it broke out on the 31st of August, and raged with great fury from about the middle to the close of September. From the daily reports of the secretary of the Board of Health and the books of the sexton of the different cemeteries, we have made up a statement of the number of deaths from cholera occurring each day, by the 16th of September, inclusive, and from that day forward have adopted the daily reports of the mortuary committee of the Board of Health, as follows:

Aug. 31	7	Sept. 2	59
Sept. 1	1	21	33
2	1	22	55
3	1	23	54
4	2	24	59
5	1	25	41
6	2	26	37
7	1	27	27
8	3	28	21
9	3	29	23
10	3	30	20
11	3	Oct. 1	15
12	2	2	11
13	3	3	7
14	19	4	8
15	37	5	4
16	12	6	8
17	91	7	8
18	56	8	2
19	45	9	2
Total			754

In addition to these were 67 interments in the Catholic cemetery from the breaking out of the cholera to the 16th of September, nearly all of whom, we were informed, had died of cholera. We have, therefore, over eight hundred deaths as the harvest whom the pestilence gathered while it held high carnival in our city. With the single exception of Memphis, the mortality has been greater in Nashville, according to population, than any other city it has visited in this country.

The mortality has been very great among the freedmen and the ill-fed and poorly cared for whites in the suburbs of the city. The history of the epidemic shows, among the prudent citizens of the old settled portions of the city, the cholera prevailed but to a limited extent. It is a remarkable fact there were but few cases of cholera among the Jewish portion of our population, and only five, we believe, that proved fatal, showing how prudent they are in their mode of living. We are told that they have a similar history in every place where cholera has yet appeared.

The present visitation of cholera has upset a good deal of experience in regard to this terrible scourge. Its former visitations were preceded by an unusual prevalence of bowel disease, while the present year has been marked by greater absence of disease of the bowels than the years immediately preceding. Notwithstanding this the pestilence raged with greater force than during its former visitations. We have cause to be devoutly thankful that the scourge has now passed off. Business is reviving rapidly, and we shall soon witness the stirring scenes which maketh the heart of the merchant glad.

A Dog Chases a Railroad Train for Fourteen Miles, and Keeps Up With It.

[From the St. Paul Press.]

Wednesday last was "a good day for the race"—the canine race is referred to—as the following true tale of a Minnesota dog, related by a reliable eye-witness, shall prove. On that day, as one of the trains on the Lake Superior and Mississippi railroad stopped at Centreville, a few miles beyond White Bear Lake, a lady took a seat in one of the passenger coaches, and the train started. When it stopped at White Bear station a dog of medium size, and with rather a shaggy coat, came alongside upon the platform, and was noticed to be very warm and panting heavily. Again, a few miles further on, a halt was made to take water, and Conductor Bond called the attention of some of the passengers to the fact that the dog had followed them from White Bear lake, as he supposed. The train was going off, and shortly doggy was seen close behind. The passengers became interested, and crowded to the rear of the car to watch the race. Occasionally, at some pool beside the track, doggy would dash down, and take a few drops of the cooling fluid, varying this sometimes with a bath, and then with a sharp yelp or two, as if in pain at the idea of being held behind, dashed on. In this way an even race was maintained until a down grade was reached, when the train made a long swift dash to gain impetus for a rising grade beyond. Doggy now fell behind; he tried hard, but it was too much for him; his little body was, however, just full of pluck and perseverance, and to the delight of the passengers, whose sympathy was fully aroused for the canine hero, when the up grade was reached, doggy made good his loss and caught up with the train. Conductor Bond said that he would stop and take up the weary runner, now showing signs of exhaustion, but there was no one to take care of him or to deliver him to at the journey's end. By this time the lady passenger from Centreville became interested to know what it was which so excited the passengers, and as she saw the little racer, she immediately recognized him as the pet of the friends with whom she had been visiting at Centreville. He had followed her to the depot, and gallantly attended her on foot on her journey, until within about four miles of St. Paul. Conductor Bond seized the bell-rope, the train was quickly stopped, and doggy was taken on board, where he was given first-class quarters and a free ride, which he had amply earned, by fairly running a fourteen-mile race with a passenger train making its usual time. It is needless to add that doggy was as delighted as his weary little body would allow, to regain sight of the friend he had followed, and that he was the hero of the hour with all on board the train.

Can't Walk Up Stairs—A Dilemma of Royalty.

The Shah of Persia is prohibited, it appears, by etiquette, from ever walking up stairs, and he is therefore reduced to the necessity of sleeping perpetually on the ground floor. Without pausing to discuss the horrible consequences that would ensue if the Shah's exit from the palace should be cut off by fire excepting by means of the stair case to the second story, or to conjecture what the Shah's feelings would be as he sat there roasting and longing to ascend three steps at a time, we may suggest that there is a fine opening in Persia for the introduction of steam elevators. We are positively certain that etiquette does not declare that the Shah shall not be ground into the second story by a machine. Americans will love their Republican institutions more, now that they have this information, and will realize that it is far better to be an humble and obscure voter in a free country, than an impartial despot who is excluded from the power to visit his own garret.

Something Meaner than the Back-Pay Steal.—A Washington dispatch to the Times says:

There has been a great deal of indignation privately expressed by the pecuniary interests of Philadelphia over the failure to-day of the Mutual and Imperial Rivers of the War have been disposed of by some Congressional Committee. They were from time to time appropriated for each senator and member of the House. One would suppose that every member would have at least that small number of constituents in his district to whom he would esteem it a privilege to send the steamboat, unfortunately, a large number of such constituents have the hands of dozens in them. Indeed, it is said that a majority of the members have a stake in the boats, and at one time the press gallery was to be dedicated a saloon which had for its interest and supporters, but there are still men to be had at a very moderate price compared with the cost to the Government. There is no doubt that several members sold their interests at a great profit, and others commenced with a depreciation upon them to make sales and pocket the price.

CONTEMPT OF COURT.

Threatening to Pull the Nose of a North Carolina Judge.

[Wilson (N. C.) Sentinel.]

A scene occurred at Stokes' court, on Tuesday evening of the first week of court, that was not put down on the bills.

At the fall term, 1872, of Stokes Superior Court, a burly man named W. D. McGill, had sought shelter in the court house, where McGill followed him, and gave him a beating in the presence of the Judge, and was fined one hundred dollars for contempt of court. McGill was indicted for an assault, in the same case, and was fined last week $50 b, his Honor Judge Cloud. After having been punished by a severe fine for contempt once, McGill was incensed at the heavy fine imposed upon him the second time, and concluded that he would give his Honor just cause to go for him in regular heathen Chinese style, and on Tuesday evening, during the sitting of the court, he walked up to the stand and took a seat by the side of Judge Cloud, and leaned over and spoke in a low tone to him and said: "If you were not an old man I'd pull your nose, you d—d old scoundrel." The Judge, who was expecting a friendly message, was taken back at what he heard, and, thinking he might have misunderstood him, asked him what he said, and McGill repeated it. The Judge then called lustily for the sheriff to come and arrest him, and take him away, saying he was drunk and had threatened to pull the Court's nose. McGill very coolly got up and spoke to the persons in Court, and said it was untrue that he was drunk, but he did tell "that old rascal (pointing to Cloud), that he would pull his nose."

The sheriff by this time had reached the scene of action, when the judge ordered him to carry McGill to jail, and keep him there sixty days. As McGill descended the stand, he turned to Cloud and said: "You nor any of your party are honest," whereupon the judge repeated his order of sixty days in jail. By this time the sheriff was descending the stairs leading down out of the court-room, and McGill fired back at the judge and said: "I'll get even with you and your party yet, you d—d old scoundrel." The judge then had McGill brought back, and examined the statute to see what was the extent of his power to punish in the case, and finally ordered the sheriff to confine McGill in jail for thirty days, fined him $250, and to remain in jail until the fine was paid, and to give bond in the sum of $1,000, with good security, to keep the peace with all the citizens of the State. The sheriff, with a guard, then started to jail with the prisoner, and had gone some distance with him, and when they arrived at Taylor's Hotel, where a negro was holding McGill's horse, he pulled out a pistol and told them to stand back, that he did not intend to go to jail, and called to the negro to bring him his horse. As the sheriff nor any of his guard were armed, and knowing McGill to be a desperate man, they concluded that it would be an unhealthy business to attempt to stop him, and he mounted his horse and rode slowly out of town.

We were present in the court house and witnessed the whole scene, and the above is a plain statement of the whole affair without comment.

We learn that the Judge had a bill brought against Sheriff Gentry for allowing the escape, and that the trial of the case has been removed to this county.

SAMUEL SMITH'S SEX.

A Handsome Chicago Woman in Search of Her Child.

[From the Detroit Union.]

On Wednesday evening, just before the steamer Milton D. Ward left the dock for up the river, a man of a slight figure, smooth and effeminate face, and rather a wkward carriage, approached the clerk's office, and bought a ticket to Port Huron.

"Name, sir?" inquired the clerk, when he had handed a ticket to the passenger.

The stranger blushed and looked all around, as if wishing to escape, but finally replied in a hesitating voice, "Samuel Smith."

"Not by a d—d sight!" ejaculated another passenger, who was standing near by, and who had been eyeing the new arrival very attentively.

"What do you mean?" angrily said the clerk, but the individual replied only by turning on his heel and walking away. The clerk looked astonished and the new passenger looked foolish, but down went the alliterative cognomen on the register, with a flourish to emphasize it. Samuel Smith immediately went to his stateroom, and shortly after the boat left her dock the clerk quartered another passenger in the same room. The "other passenger," judging from what followed, and which was related to the clerk in the morning by Samuel Smith, must have been a brute of the first order, and escapes a publication of his name in the Union only because the clerk could not be induced by any threats or promises on the part of the reporter to reveal it. During the night he judged from certain actions of his fellow-passenger, who lay in the berth above him, that Sam'l Smith was not Sam'l Smith at all, but somebody else. Not being troubled with much delicacy of feeling, he simulated profound slumber, meanwhile keeping an eye open and watching closely. It was not long before the fact dawned upon him that his room mate was a woman, and one of no ordinary beauty of person, too. All the beast in the fellow's nature was aroused by the circumstances and the situation, and he sprang from his berth, and then and there made a dastardly attempt to violate her. He was met in a manner he little expected, for the *ex disant* Samuel Smith, in the moment of supreme danger, developed a courage which she did not possess in her male attire. She pinked a revolver from under her pillow, and in an instant leveled it at the fellow's head. Its ominous click elevated him in a moment. And he changed from the brute to the poltroon. On his knees he begged for life, and was driven from the room by the indignant woman, who was now in a frenzy of shame and anger. The fellow crept out like a whipped spaniel, with his garments in his arms, and finding the cabin vacant, dressed himself outside.

Samuel Smith, for such we must still call her in spite of her sex, locked the door, but didn't sleep very much that night. Early in the morning she went to the clerk's office to ask some information, and that young gentleman, having had his suspicions aroused by a few words which her erst-while roommate let drop, made some remark which, while it was entirely respectful, showed her at once that he knew she was a woman. She colored, and then looked as pale, and trembled like a leaf. The woman showed out so plainly in the act that she was fully vouched for, and to her that it she could satisfy him that her object in thus disguising her sex was even harmless, he would keep her secret inviolate. At this Samuel Smith, plucked up courage, raised her head, and told her story, which is briefly as follows:

About ten years ago she lived with her father, a wealthy farmer, near Rochester, New York, and it was during one of her visits to the latter city that she became acquainted with John ——, at that time a rising young merchant. After an acquaintance of about a year they were married. Two years after they came West and settled in Chicago. Here her husband fell into bad habits, and became brutal in his treatment of her. She finally felt that she could bear the life she led no longer, and procured a divorce. Meanwhile her father had died, leaving her a comfortable fortune, and she therefore made no application for alimony. Her husband, however, held possession of their only child, a boy of seven years, and ever since their separation she has been following him from city to city to regain her child. She was confident that if she could keep him, as he had never manifested a very great affection for his father, but had always been very fond of her. Wherever she went, however, her husband found means to either put the boy out of the way, or carry him off elsewhere, before she could catch him. This time she had followed him from Chicago, disguised as she was, determined to find that boy and carry him off before his father's machinations could be aroused.

It is hardly necessary to say that this story, told with many tears and sobs by a pretty woman, whose every word was full of conviction by her undeviating truthfulness, was quite upon the sympathy of the gallant clerk. Of course he would keep her secret, and furthermore, by all that was lovely, he would do all he could do help her find the boy. It is not essential to follow the conversation further, except to state that when the "fellow D. Ward" arrived at her dock the morning, the dock manager noticed a very handsome lady, elegantly and richly dressed, with one of a pair of pearl-handled revolvers in her hand, and all the life gone out of her face. He looked long and wonderingly after the lady, whom she reached the dock, put the boy on board, and ordered the driver to make all haste to the Great Western Jerry.

☞ A Pittsburg Chinese takes no change when he calls on a young man who carries his hair in the middle. Always lays down exact satisfaction if enough without the fun.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

Destructive Fire at Burlington, Iowa.

The Statement of Cholera in Knoxville Denied.

Robeson Reports on the Polaris Affair.

WASHINGTON.

NO FORMAL CABINET APPOINTMENTS.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—Grant and Belknap are here. No formal cabinet appointments. Henry Ray Meyers, of Alabama, nominated for Consul to Ontario, Canada.

THE POLARIS.

Robeson has made his statement from Evades of rescued Polaris crew. He don't know whether Captain Hall died a natural death or not. He thinks the abandonment of a part of the crew on the floe accidental, and has no doubt that Buddington was drunk, but as the liquor was exhausted, and Buddington, when sober, was a most excellent seaman, he feels sure the Polaris was managed to the best advantage. He will charter the Tigress to go in search for the Polaris. Cross purposes undoubtedly existed on the Polaris.

FROST.

For the Southern States, east of the Mississippi River, on Friday, light to fresh winds, mostly from the southwest and northwest and very generally clear or partly cloudy weather. From the Ohio Valley and Missouri to the Upper Lakes and Minnesota very generally clear and somewhat cooler weather, and winds diminishing to gentle and fresh from the north and west. For the Middle States and Lower Lake region during Friday very generally clear weather and gentle to fresh and occasionally brisk winds from the west and northwest, with a lower temperature over the latter. For the New England States occasional rain areas over the northern portion to-night, but on Friday clear or partly cloudy weather with winds veering to fresh and occasionally brisk south, westerly and northwesterly winds.

NEW YORK.

ALL ABOUT A RUMOR.

NEW YORK, June 19.—There was great excitement about the police headquarters to-day, caused by the rumor that the City Commissioners were about to appoint twenty-five colored men on the police force as patrolmen. Commissioner Russell says he supposes the rumor arose from a resolution, yesterday, to appoint twenty-five colored men as street sweepers.

A London dispatch, from on board the steamship Great Eastern, dated at noon, yesterday, reports that, up to that hour, 1445 miles cable had been paid out. The Great Eastern was then in latitude 53 degrees 20 minutes, and longitude 20 degrees and 36 minutes.

ARREST FOR BIGAMY.

George D. Evans was arrested for bigamy, and also on a civil suit brought by P. R. Barnwell, for $10,000 damages, and was lodged in the Tombs. He is charged with having three wives living, viz: Almira Davis, daughter of wealthy Boston parents, a daughter of David N. Badger, of Boston, and also a daughter of Mr. Barnwell, the prosecutor. He was about eloping with another young lady when overhauled.

Reports from the growing cotton crop are generally unfavorable. The reports from Georgia are more favorable than from any other State. Telegrams from Memphis say that the crop is seriously injured. Some planters are abandoning their crops on account of heavy rains and great mortality among the negroes.

The postmaster at Batavia, New York, has informed the postmaster of this city that the mail matter which left this city Tuesday morning by the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad was nearly all burned before it reached that place. The matter was nearly all intended for delivery in the Western States. An investigation has been ordered.

IOWA.

BURNED.

BURLINGTON, June 19.—The opera house, court-house and other prominent buildings have burned. Loss, $400,000.

TENNESSEE.

MISERY LOVES COMPANY.

KNOXVILLE, June 19.—The statement published in the Nashville Banner yesterday morning that the cholera prevailed here, and had caused a perfect panic, and that thousands were fleeing from the city, is incorrect. There is no such disease here, nor has there been. The undertakers report fewer deaths up to the present time commencing within the last five weeks than in any month during the winter.

MISSOURI.

COLLISION.

ST. LOUIS, June 19.—While the train, with two engines attached, belonging to the Missouri and Kansas and Texas Railroad, and a train with one engine belonging to the St. Louis, Kansas and Northern Railroad, were running one train on Hannibal and St. Joseph's Railroad a few miles from Kansas City, on Saturday last, they collided with the train running west, and four locomotives were almost destroyed, several stock cars were smashed, the four engineers were more or less injured, and it is thought the injuries of one (Snider) will terminate fatally. Loss by destruction of engines and cars is estimated at seventy-five thousand dollars.

SPAIN.

MADRID, June 19.—The majority of the Finance Committee of Cortes favor abolishing the law granting pensions to members of the Cabinet, and placing them upon the same footing with other functionaries.

FRANCE.

THE ASSEMBLY ON THE CASE OF RANC.

VERSAILLES, June 19.—The case of Rane was taken up in the Assembly this evening, and gave rise to an animated debate which was participated in by a large number of Deputies. A member of the Left offered a resolution directing an inquiry into the charges against M. Rane before authority for the prosecution be given. The resolution was rejected by a vote of 499 nays, against 300 ayes.

The report of the Special Committee granting General Ladmirault authority to prosecute M. Rane, was then adopted by a vote of 466 to 127.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK.

HEAT AND SUNSTROKES.

NEW YORK, June 19.—The heat to-day was excessive, the mercury reaching 94. There were several sunstrokes.

GENERAL HORATIO A. S. STEVENS

was buried to-day. He commanded the fort at Castle Garden in the war of 1812. The order of the Cincinnati attended the burial. He was the first militia general appointed in the State.

$30,000 RECOVERED.

In the Supreme Court to-day William Meeman recovered $30,000 in gold of George Gebhart, the latter being charged with driving the former from his store in Acken on in 1861.

SENTENCE OF MISS ANTHONY.

ROCHESTER, June 19.—The sentence of the Court in the case of Miss Anthony was that Defendant was hereby ordered and adjudged to pay a fine of one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution. She is not to stand committed until the fine is paid. Before sentence was passed Miss Anthony made some remarks, in which she said she had desired and demanded the full rights of the law.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, June 19.—A special correspondent of the London Telegraph, at Brussels, in a dispatch to that paper, says the Belgian Government has ordered General Chanzy, a French Communist, a safe conduct to visit Chanzy was further informed that if he came into the country, he would be arrested and surrendered to the French authorities.

SMALL-POX.

A virulent type of small-pox is prevailing at Chatham. Twenty-nine persons have been attacked by the scourge.

☞ There is one aged colored woman in this town who does not believe in social equality, judging from the way she talks to her boy:

"Ephraham, come hyar to yer mudder, boy. What you bin?"

"Playin' wid de white folks' children."

"Playin' wid de white folks' children, is you? Jes hyar, chile, you'll break your mudder's heart, and bring her gray hairs in sorro' to de grave, wid yer reclusmers an carriages an wid chill ancestry ashuma."

"Hain't I raised you up in de way you should ought to go?"

"Yessum."

"Hain't I been kine an' tender wid you an' treated you like my own chile, which you is?"

"Yessum."

"Hain't I restrained wid you, and prayed wid you, adplored de good Lord to wrap you in his buzzum?"

"Yessum."

"Hain't I taught you to walk in de broad an narrow path, an to shun God?"

"Yessum."

"An isn't I your natural detector an' gwadjeene to de law?"

"Yessum."

"Well den, do you spose Ise gwine to hab yer morals ruptured by de white trash?" No sah! You git in de house, dis instep; an' if I eber ketch you maintainin' wid de white trash any mo, to God nigg, I'll break yer brack head wid a brick!"

"Yes um."

☞ The Prussian veteran, General Von Moltke, who is almost as bald as Æschylus or Julius Cæsar, is much annoyed by applications from Teuton ladies for locks of his hair.

Financial and Commercial.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, June 19.—Cotton quiet and nominal; middlings 21; sales 274 bales.

Cotton—Net receipts to-day 150 bales; gross 1,209.

Cotton—Sales for future delivery to-day, 18,250 bales, and the market closed as follows: June, 20 3-8, July, 20 1-32@20 11-16; August, 20 7-16@20½; September, 19@19½; November, 19½.

Flour quiet and in buyers favor. Whisky unchanged. Wheat quiet and steady with most grades lower. Corn 1 cent lower, white western 67. Rice quiet at 7@8 3-8. Pork weak at $16 80@17. Lard weak at 8 3-8@9. Naval stores steady. Freights firm.

Money easy at 4@5. Sterling steady. Gold 15@15⅛—Governments dull and rather heavy. State bonds very quiet and nominal.

The Wall street market continued dull with speculative shares contrary to the general expectations, heavy and lower. In Southern State bonds the business amounted to $35,000 with prices steady.

The Government sold two millions of gold.

Arrived out—Steamship City of New York and India.

AUGUSTA, June 19.—Cotton firm; middlings 18½; receipts 150 bales; sales 185.

PHILADELPHIA, June 19.—Cotton firm; middlings 21@21½.

NORFOLK, June 19.—Cotton active and firm; low middlings 19; net receipts 751 bales; exports to Great Britain 24; coastwise 319; sales 150; stock 6,372.

BALTIMORE, June 19.—Cotton nominal; middlings 20½; exports coastwise 69 bales; sales 650; stock 3,420.

SAVANNAH, June 19.—Cotton dull; middlings 18½; net receipts 388 bales; stock 14,566; sales ——.

NEW ORLEANS, June 19.—Cotton in moderate demand; ordinary 13; good ordinary 15½; low middlings 17½; middlings 18¼; net receipts 1,572 bales; gross 172; sales 900—last evening 2,200; stock 50,498.

Flour dull; treble extra $7 50@8 50; family $9 50@10. Corn dull and easier at 58@60. Oats lower at 41. Bran lower at 70. Hay firm at $22@25. Pork dull at $19 75. Dry salted meats—nothing doing. Bacon dull and nominal; shoulders 7½; clear rib sides 9½; clear sides 9¾. Hams 13½. Lard dull; tierce 8¾@9½; keg 9¾@10½. Sugar firm; fully fair to prime 9@9½. Molasses—no movement. Whisky dull; Louisians 93; Cincinnati 95. Coffee 18@20.

Exchange—Sterling 27; New York sight ½ premium. Gold 16½.

WILMINGTON, June 19.—Cotton firm; middlings 18 1-2; net receipts 9 bales; sales 3; stock 2,646.

CHARLESTON, June 19.—Cotton higher for good grades; middlings 18 3-16@19; low middlings 18@18½; good ordinary 17; ordinary 14@15; net receipts 313; sales 400; stock 11,897.

LOUISVILLE, June 19.—Flour dull; some grades lower; extra family $5 25. Corn steady at 55@57, sacked. Pork steady at $17. Bacon firm; shoulders 7 5-8@7½; clear rib sides 9 1-2@9 ¾; clear sides 9 3-4, packed. Lard, tierces, 8 3-4@9 1-2, 10@10 1-8 for keg, steam 8 1-2. Whisky steady at 89@90.

ST. LOUIS, June 19.—Flour dull and unchanged. Corn dull and unsettled; closing dull and lower; No. 2 mixed 37; on track 37@40 in elevator. Whisky steady at 89. Pork quiet; small lots $16.75; bacon dull, only limited jobbing demand. Lard nominal; summer steam 8.

MEMPHIS, June 19.—Cotton firmer; middlings 18@18 1-8; receipts 225 bales; shipments 924; stock 20,058.

MOBILE, June 19.—Cotton firm; middlings 19; net receipts 26; exports coastwise 423; sales 300; stock 16,824.

BOSTON, June 19.—Cotton quiet; middlings 21; net receipts 264; gross

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION
ATLANTA:
FRIDAY, JUNE 20, 1873.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS,
WM. McNAUGHT & CO.

See Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our "news." mar11-1y

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Carley, Duck & Co.

Atlanta Branch Great Southern Oil and Paint Works, 25 Prior street. Pure Leads, Lard, Linseed, Lamps, etc., at Wholesale. Artists' materials, Crayons, Pencils, Canvass, Stretchers, Water and Oil Colors, etc., a specialty. apr15-eodly.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO LADIES.—Our splendid assortment of Ladies' underwear, comprising fine Muslin CHEMISE, tucked and embroidered. NIGHT ROBES, unusually rich and varied. Toilet and breakfast SACQUES, exceedingly fine. Best selected patterns in working and train SKIRTS, etc., etc. All for inspection at Mrs. Brooke & Co.'s, 47 Marietta street, opposite the Capitol. may25-deodly

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—May-son will sell a fine line of new furniture, household effects, etc., to-morrow.

A partner wanted in an established manufactory.

Parties owning wild lands in other counties will find Judge Pittman's card and "govern themselves accordingly."

An excursion train will leave Atlanta June 25th for Fort Royal, for the sum of $6 for the round trip.

A sale of building lots takes place at Fort Royal on the 27th instant. Read advertisement.

Messrs Moorefield, Dunlap and Dodson propose publishing the Atlanta City Directory for 1873 at one dollar per copy.

Good compositors are wanted in Savannah.

The Grand Pacific Hotel at Chicago is now open.

H M Pigot & Co. are the proprietors of the Pulaski House at Savannah.

See professional card of Andrew Sloan, lawyer.

See notice of J T Eckles, assignee.

See Bankrupt Notice of John P. Hammock, of Polk county.

See Bankrupt Notice of Dirwid G. Jones, of Fulton county.

See Bankrupt Notice of Washington Ransome, of Walker county.

Call at J. W. Burke & Co.'s for new works.

The Cantata of the Cartersville Female Seminary brought in $122.

We invite attention to the law card of Andrew Sloan, of Savannah.

A GRAND sale of building lots comes off at Fort Royal on the 27th instant.

JERRY LYNCH gave a man fits yesterday. He is noted for his fine fitting garments.

ANYONE possessing the "stamps" can find a gentleman wishing a partner in a manufactory.

Call at the store of J. W. Burke & Co., corner of Alabama and Whitehall streets, for new works.

THIS hot weather Thompson's Ice Cream Parlor is filled with visitors after his delicious and cooling ice cream.

MRS. ROBERT J. HADDAN, an estimable lady at Stone Mountain, died Wednesday night, and will be buried to-day.

THE school-master is evidently abroad in the land. It is gravely proposed in a neighboring town to organize a *Sunday* school on *Saturday!*

PARTIES in Fulton county owning wild lands in other counties, should return them to Judge Pittman, prior to Saturday, June 21st

MAYSON will sell new and second-hand furniture, household effects, horses, buggies, and groceries generally, on to-morrow morning.

WE are requested to state that the called meeting of the Knight Templars for to-night has been postponed until the regular meeting in July.

A DAY party of fifteen or twenty will leave for Talbot's Fall and Nacoochee Valley in a few days, prepared to hunt, the fruit vs redbugs and other game.

THE Grand Pacific Hotel at Chicago has been completed. Gage Brothers & Rice, proprietors of the old Sherman House, are the lessees of the new hotel.

DISCRIMINATIVE watermelons made their appearance yesterday in market. They were brought from Macon. Forty to fifty cents were asked for them.

THE Cartersville Standard and Express is glad to learn that the Cherokee R. R. problem has been solved, and that Col. Abda Johnson, et al., has come out on top. He always does.

ATLANTA CITY DIRECTORY.—MESSRS. Moorefield, Dunlop & Dodson propose issuing a Directory of Atlanta for 1873, at $1 per copy. It will be gotten up as accurate and complete as possible.

A GOOD DAY'S WORK.—Deputy Sheriff C. C. Green cut, on the 16th, with one of Mark W. Johnson's Excelsior Reapers, eighteen acres of wheat. Mr. Green says the better the grain the cleaner the reaper will cut.

AN attempt was made on Wednesday night to burglarize the residence of Colonel John T. Grant, on Peachtree street. The burglar was discovered as he was getting up at the window, and made a sudden and safe retreat.

A GOOD MOVE.—The Georgia Railroad is laying down a new track on Railroad street, on the outside of the transfer platform, for the accommodation of passenger coaches. This will relieve the yard for freight cars very materially.

HOLD FOR PORT ROYAL.—An excursion train leaves here on the 25th for Port Royal to return on the 29th. The fare for the round trip is only $6. This offers an extraordinary and cheap inducement to visit the sea coast and see a fine harbor.

A PLEASANT party of some twenty copies picnicked to Stone Mountain yesterday. They had an elegant time. Alderman Young, Chairman of the Street Committee was one of the party. He was received, by the Chairman of the Street Committee of Stone Mountain—Hon H N Hamilton, and granted the freedom of the town. White, of the King House, showed the party marked courtesy.

CROP NEWS.—A gentleman who has just returned from a trip to Arkansas informs us that the best crops and best conducted farm that he saw, be it in Texas or Arkansas, was the farm of Col. Lewis Tumlin at Cartersville. Mr Tumlin be his own overseer this year.

A FAIR PROPOSITION.—One of Mark W. Johnson's patrons a few days ago wrote him that he must have sold him grass seeds for guano, as it seemed to him that nothing else but grass could be seen in his field. He proposed if Mark would send a mower and reaper down to cut the grass, he would sell him the hay at half price to pay his guano bill.

TRIAL OF MR. J. DEB. HOOPER.—The preliminary investigation in the case of the State against John Deb. Hooper was brought to a close on yesterday afternoon. The arguments for the prosecution were made by Messrs. Thrasher, Sanford and Graham. The arguments in behalf of the defence were conducted with great power and ability by Messrs. Waddell, Gean and Barnes. The reputation of the young lady, whose character has been so cruelly and unjustly assailed in connection with this case, has unquestionably been thoroughly vindicated, and it should be a matter of pride and congratulation to the community that such is the case.

This morning Hooper was admitted to bail in the sum of $5,000 conditioned for his appearance at the next term of the Circuit Court of Lee county to answer an indictment to be preferred against him by the grand jury of that court.—*Opelika Observer.*

ON 'CHANGE.—It was announced on 'Change yesterday that sample's of cotton would be exhibited to-day and sales made.

MR A E Sego stated that in his remarks yesterday relative to receiving corn via the Atlanta and West Point Railroad, he did not wish to be understood as intimating that the rates of freight were "much cheaper." The difference in the rates was very small, but the rates were cheaper.

The sample flowers being ready were numbered by Secretary Moorefield from 1 to 24. The numbers were placed in a hat and the list called. As each name was called, a number was drawn out by W. H. Howell. The following is the result: L. Nathans & Co., 19; Stewart, Austin & Co., 13; Stephens & Flynn, 8; J. R. Wylie & Co., 16; W. H. Howell & Co., 6; Dunn, Ogletree & Co., 4; W. M. & R. J. Lowry, 17; Woodruff, Hallman & Co., 7; Williams, Langston & Cress, 14; Adair & Bros., 21; Bowie & Gholston, 3; J. R. Simmons & Co., 10; A. Leyden 5; Garrett & Bro., 18; West & Edwards, 15; A. C. & B. F. Wylly, 1; Meador & Bro., 11. Several remain unteken. Attention was called to the telegram concerning the condition of the North Missouri Insurance Company of Macon, Missouri, that the capital had been impaired 60 per cent. The Company is represented in Atlanta, and several are interested in the matter, having policies in it.

THE FARMERS IN COUNCIL.

Monthly Meeting of Stone Mountain Agricultural Club—"How to Make Farming Pay"—Speeches by J. C. Ragsdale, E. Cox, T. E. Daniel and others—Grand Banquet—How Buttermilk Disappeared.

The regular monthly meeting of Stone Mountain Agricultural Club was held on Saturday, 14th inst., in Goldsmith's Opera House. The weather was decidedly Pluvius, yet there was a large attendance.

Among the invited guests were O. H. Jones, Vice President of the National Agricultural Congress; Hon. J. C. Ragsdale, President of DeKalb County Fair Association, and Hon. John Bryce, ex-President; Thomas E. Daniel, Elijah Pittard, Lewis Nash, of Gwinnett county; Col. J. N. Swift, Dr W F Bond, Simeon Smith, J R Smith, of Lithonia Club; J C Maw, E Cox, J J Morrison, of Decatur Club; Mark W Johnson, J H Anderson, and T T Wright, of Atlanta; Hon Lewis Tumlin, of Cartersville.

President A J Veal announced that the subject for discussion was "How to make farming Profitable." Calls were made for Hon J C Ragsdale, President of the County Fair Association. He said that he had been a farmer for forty years yet he did not believe with that experience he could tell how to make farming profitable. All that he had came from farming. It is a source of remark by newspaper writers and others that the planting of a heavy cotton crop was ruining the country. He did not believe so. *We must sample the man and not his crops.* Some men would make anything pay. There is a great deal in the management of a farm. Some countries are adapted to some specific crop, while others are adapted to other specific crops. He did not believe this was a good apple country. His experience was that it did not make the farm pay. Cotton was the only thing that saved us after the war. It gave us respectability abroad. He did not argue that we ought to raise cotton to buy corn. But the trouble was that we sold our cotton at fifteen cents per pound and bought it back in dry goods, etc., at $100. We bought many things that we could do without, and when our corn was gone we would buy on time and give a lien on our crops, and give 100 per cent. higher to get our supplies.

Last year he raised five bales of cotton, averaging over 500 pounds, on five acres of worn out land. He sold the crop at an average of 16½ cents per pound or $83 per acre. With the same amount of fertilizers, the five acres would not have yielded more than 100 bushels of corn. The cotton brought $400; the corn would have brought only $100. It is not the crop, but the system, or management, that makes farming pay. One year he applied 10) bushels of cotton seed to an acre of ground. It yielded 24½ bushels of wheat. It was afterwards planted in corn and peas, and yielded thirteen bushels of corn, and twelve and a half bushels of peas—or $74. The cotton was fully equal to it.

We plant too much corn. We ought to cultivate the grasses. Crab grass hay is excellent. A yield of 15 bushels corn per acre, with hired labor, wont pay, says Ponsea. He applied 500 pounds of fertilizers and the yield was 37 bushels of corn; one acre in cotton with the application of 300 pounds of fertilizers yielded $40 $16 in cotton can be secured earlier than $100 in corn. It is said that the buying of mules from the West is ruining the country. He did not think so. A farm properly managed will pay.

Sorry fences do not pay on a farm. By economy and labor a man may have enough to meet his wants and pay his debts. We often teach our cattle to jump by leaving the rails down.

We should put up good fences. A worthless fence often causes the loss of much labor. Pigs and geese, if they can get through a fence, will cause a leakage of profits. And these little leakages, when summed up, aggregate a large amount.

Generally we keep too much stock. We fence in our crops in order that we may turn out our cattle, hogs, sheep and goats to graze in the woods. And the benefit received by them will not compensate for the expense of keeping up the fences, much less fencing the fields. It will pay to feed your stock all the time. The manure secured will pay for the feed. 800 pounds of seed cotton per acre was at one time considered to be a large yield. Now, on worn out land, I am producing 2,000 pounds. There is no profitable farming without manure. It pays the land and the owner of the land. We can only make farming pay by reducing the area under cultivation—by reducing the area of poor fence—by a more thorough culture—by reducing the cost of feeding our stock—by curtailing all unnecessary expenses.

Mr. Edward Cox said that he agreed in the main with the views presented by Mr. Ragsdale. He thought that we planted too much cot on and not enough corn. In his opinion hogs didn't pay. 25 head eat up 200 bushels of corn, and when sold brought but little more than the price of the corn. We needed a stock law. He had one hundred and twenty-five acres, and not enough timber to fence it. Stock committed great depredations on his crops. A cow did great damage to his flower garden. He split her tail and pulled a stick through it. She hasn't come back yet. He thought we should raise more grain and grasses. Bermuda grass he considered the best.

Thomas E. Daniel, of Gwinnett county, said that he considered diversified labor the best and most productive. One great drawback was over cropping. We take five acres to raise what ought to be produced on one acre. What profit is there in raising four bushels of wheat or twenty bushels of corn per acre. Our stock costs us too much to feed. Horses can be kept seal fat on Bungarian grass at one-half the cost of corn and fodder. Raise two crops of Hungarian grass per annum. The yield is about three tons per acre. Feed your mill and your soil will feed you. Use the turn-plow. Plow deep and pulverize the soil. One man can't tend more than six acres as he ought to. One hundred and thirteen bushels of corn and two bales of cotton have been raised on one acre. Corn and fodder costs too much as stock food. We should cultivate the grasses more extensively. Why should we not be enabled to produce forty bushels of wheat, fifty of corn and two bales of cotton per acre.

He was a fence-law man. Such a law would enhance the prosperity of the State. One acre will produce food enough for ten cows. Keep the cows up, and the manure saved will more than pay all the expenses. A stock, or fence, law would force men to cultivate the grasses, and keep less and better stock. He believed in the rotation of crops. We could raise, in DeKalb and Gwinnett, as good wheat and clover as anywhere.

O. H. Jones, Vice President of the National Agricultural Congress, responded to calls in a brief speech.

Mark W. Johnson, when called out, said that no one ever heard of his making a speech. He had heard of agricultural speeches and read articles, but Mr. Ragsdale's speech was one of the most practical and business like he had ever heard or read. He did not believe in reducing the cotton crop. That crop gave us commercial standing and importance. But while we made cotton we should not neglect to raise corn, wheat, fruits, etc. He regarded the fence law as the best for the country, but agreed with those who preceded him, that it should be enacted two years prior to its enforcement.

Mr James H Anderson, of the firm of Anderson & Son, being called upon, responded in a few remarks, and concluded by turning the matter over to Judge Simeon Smith, who understood the art of killing grass during rainy seasons.

Judge Smith said that he found it difficult to kill in rainy weather, but experienced no difficulty when he had plenty of sun.

The subject—"How to Make Farming Profitable"—was continued for discussion at the next meeting.

A colloquial discussion ensued on the condition of crops in DeKalb and Gwinnett. Cotton was fine; in many sections very grassy; plant healthy; looking better than this time last year. Corn in bottom lands nprromising and drowned out; very fine in upland. Oats finer than for many years past. Wheat better than expected, but not an average crop. Fertilizers doing well. Red land better than gray land. Sweet potatoes promising.

President Veal exhibited five specimens of Tappahannock wheat; Dr. W P Bond, of Tubman wheat. Mr Jacob Chapp sent specimens of sweet potatoes of last years' crop, well preserved. Mr Sterling E Brown exhibited his Early Rose potato, planted on the 15th of March, weighing fifteen ounces.

The following were appointed as a committee to report at the October Fair on the products of the soil, cereal, fruits, flowers, trees, etc.: J R Mehaffey, W J Veal, J W McCurdy.

Letters were received from ex-Governor Brown and General A. R. Colquitt, expressing their regret at being so situated as to prevent their attendance.

Governor Smith, Comptroller Goldsmith and Dr. Flewellen had accepted the invitation, but were detained by business engagements that day.

The Club adjourned at 2 P. M. until the second Saturday in July.

After adjournment the Club and invited guests repaired to the residence of the Secretary for dinner. The heavy showers had necessitated a change of programme. It was originally designed to arrange the tables out in the grove, but the ground being wet, the tables were set in the house. The Club and guests needed not the invitation "all who have not dined dinner today are notified that that meal are now ready." It was a substantial dinner and the crowd did ample justice to the viands. Judging from the fact that some eight or nine gallons of buttermilk disappeared one might imagine that the crowd belonged to the "cavalry." There were assembled gentlemen from all parts of DeKalb and Gwinnett, from Decatur and Fulton and other points. Hon. Lewis Tumlin kept the table in a roar. The Club are indebted to the President, A J Veal; John W McCurdy and Mrs W G Whitby, for the excellent manner in which the dinner was gotten up, and to Mr R T White, J W Goldsmith, J F Tuggle, L B Langford, Law & Co, Atlanta Ice Company, G W Adair and J H P Mattox for contributions.

It was said that a distinguished gentleman from Atlanta ate eleven chicken gizzards. We cannot say whether it was true or not, but there were just eleven chickens killed for the table at which he sat.

THE COURTS.

The Proceedings of the Superior Court Yesterday—Jury Find for the Defendant in the Case Against Lowrey—A Heavy Verdict Against Rowen—Final Adjournment of the Supreme Court—Reports from the Other Courts—Etc., Etc.

Supreme Court.

[DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF THE SUPREME COURT REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.]

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA, *June 19, 1873.*

After delivering decisions in cases heretofore argued the January term, 1873, was finally adjourned.

Fulton Superior Court

Met at two o'clock yesterday afternoon, Judge Bartlett presiding.

The following business was transacted:

S. Phillips vs. R. J. Lowry, and Marcellus Markham, surviving partner, etc. This case was tried, and the jury found for the defendant. Judge Hopkins, represented by Colonel Well, appeared for the plaintiff. Messrs. Arnold and Robinson, contra.

Samuel P. Henderson, surviving partner, etc., vs. Samuel J. Rowen. Case, etc.

In this case the jury found the following verdict: "We, the jury, find for the plaintiff $10,154 60, and interest from the date of the sale of the cotton, which is from July 1, 1865, and costs."

Mr. Bryant Cash was discharged from further service as a petit juror on account of sickness, and Mr. H. Rich sworn to serve in his place.

In the case of Marshal de Graffenried vs N L Angier, mandamus, an order was taken correcting an erroneous entry of dismission, and making entry of settled. At five o'clock Court adjourned until 8¾ o'clock this morning.

The Commissioner's Court.

Yesterday morning, Elias Allred, of Pickens county, who has been confined in jail several weeks, under charge of illicit distilling, succeeded in giving bond, and was released from further imprisonment. There were no trials before the Commissioner yesterday, but may be some to day, as several arrests have been made.

The Justice's Courts were all unusually quiet. All have warrants out, so that matters in these tribunals promise to become much more lively in a day or two.

Station House Report.

The police arrested six violators of the city laws yesterday. All are charged with disorderly conduct and drunkenness.

The wife beater, to whom we alluded in the last issue of this paper, plead guilty yesterday morning, and was remanded for sentence. The witnesses were absent, and the Judge wished to learn something of the facts of the case before fixing the punishment. He will probably be sentenced to day.

THE meeting to organize a cavalry company last night was fairly attended. A committee was appointed to wait upon Governor Smith and get him to order an election for officers.

THE ATLANTA ZOUAVES had their first drill last night. They did very well. They meet on Monday and Thursday night in Concordia Hall on Mitchell street.

AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL FAIR. The Directors of the Atlanta Agricultural and Industrial Association met last night in the Hall of the Chamber of Commerce. A full and free expression of opinion was had. The sense of the meeting was that a Fair should be held on the 26th of August. This action is not final as there was not a full meeting of the Board. But all concurred in the determination to hold a Fair. Messrs R Bangs, E P Chamberlin, J C Peck, D A Beattie and G W Adair, were appointed a standing finance committee. They will visit Council to night.

On motion, the Directors adjourned until Monday night next.

ALMOST A FATAL ACCIDENT.—About noon yesterday, as Mr. William Rushton and William Woods, an engineer of the Atlanta and West Point R. R. were engaged in hauling up rock out of a ditch, by means of a derrick, the top portion of the derrick gave way. An iron rod struck Mr. Woods on the right side of the head, just above the ear, inflicting a severe wound. The skin was torn loose and hung over the ear, and a temporal artery was severed. Mr Woods was insensible for some time. Dr. J. J. Knott and others attended on him. At last accounts Woods was doing well. The skull was not fractured. Mr Rushton received a severe blow on the side of his head, causing the part struck to swell into a knot. He was only slightly injured.

PERSONAL.—The habitues of the National were gratified yesterday to see the pleasant face of "Mine Host," O'Wens, again illuminating the dining room.

The following were registered at the Kimball House yesterday: Hon Alphens M Rodgers, Waynesboro; A J Post, Jersey City; T C Morgan and wife, Miss Hexford, Chicago; J P Boyce, Miss F W Boyce, Miss Boyce, Greenville, S C; W C Beaty, Winnsboro, S C; A C Holt, Augusta; J Branham, Jr., G H Snyder, Rome; W H Haines, Baltimore; S H Myers, Philadelphia; H W Critenden, Montgomery; G A Lamar, Hawkinsville; Miss C Davis, Eatonton; W K Pearce, Mrs E Pearce, Savannah; G G Young, Mrs Young, Miss M C Young, Miss Minnie Young, Darien; Mrs E la Harte, Ky; J B Boutelle, Beaufort, SC; G M Williams, Montgomery, Ala; T L Webb, N Y.

At the National we noted the following arrivals last night: J C Varden, Va; G Corswall, Augusta; W L Bass, Macon; G L Johnson, Tenn; J C Lane, S N Ruggles, G B Barnett, New York; J W Walker, Baltimore; L J Harris, H Harris, Nashville; R L Griffin, Knoxville; H S Johnson, Griffin; J W Fowler, M & B R R; W D Alexander, Pike co; L L B Alexander, P P C; R M Barnes, Warrenton; J M Diffron, Chattanooga; A H Zachry, Conyers; W H La Prade, Edgewood; E A Holmes, St Louis.

Captain W T Newman, City Attorney, has "gone to the mountains."

The students of Moore's Southern Business University held a meeting yesterday morning for the purpose of expressing their heartfelt sympathies over the sudden and untimely death of their highly esteemed professor, Mr. W. W. Rogers, who, by the will of an omnipotent power, has been so unexpectedly removed from their midst.

"Leaves have their time to fall,
And flowers wither at the North winds' blast,
And stars to set—but all,
Thou hast all seasons for them, O, death!"

As a master of the art to which he devoted many years of his past life, those who have received instruction at his hand can well a test. Many have been the ripe fruits of his untiring zeal and ceaseless toil. His connection with the students of the University has been at all times of the most pleasant nature, and many, who although without her walls, lament his untimely death. Therefore we, the students of the above institution, with sad hearts and drooping heads, feeling deeply the loss of our beloved Professor, be it

Resolved, That while we bow in humble submission to the dispensation of an Allwise Providence, that the University has lost a zealous laborer and one ever devoted to her interests.

Resolved, That we wear a badge of mourning thirty days as a token of our appreciation for him.

Resolved, That these expressions of our sadness be published in the Atlanta DAILY CONSTITUTION.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family of the deceased, and that we deeply sympathize with them in this their sad bereavement; that they may be ever ready to exclaim, "Not lost—not lost—simply gone before;" and when the time shall come when the future must raise her table shroud and reveal all her mysteries—when all nations shall join in songs of sweet jubilee, on Jordan's pearl-turrowed banks, may they realize that their black cloud now has a "silvery lining," as they join new to the New Jerusalem.

"Joy, joy forever, our task is done,
Our journey is over and heaven is won."

Committee: W. A. McDowell, chairman; A. J. Taylor, H. S. Thornton, W. B. Bass, R. R. Pringle.

Local and Business Notices.

CALL at J. W. Burke & Co.'s, corner Alabama and Whitehall streets, and get a copy of Bump's Law and Practice of Bankruptcy. june2)—d6t

DR. TUTT'S HAIR DYE imparts a natural color, remedies the bad effects of inferior dyes. The Barbers all recommend it. june17—dlw&wlt

THE CHARTER OAK.—We hazard nothing, we think, in saying that, all in all, it has no equal. Its size, its shape, affording the convenience, and its numerous and durable vessels, entitle it to the preference over any stove of which we have any knowledge.

THE RUSH FOR TICKETS.—The people of the whole country seems to be thoroughly aroused to the importance of the Gift Concert in Louisville on the 8th of July. Orders for tickets continue to pour in from all quarters. It is almost a pity that there are not more tickets to sell and more time to sell them in. But there are not many tickets, and, as for the time, nothing can prolong that. The concert and drawing will as surely come off July 8, as that day shall come. People have had fair warning that nearly all the tickets are gone, and, if they don't provide themselves while they can, but put it off until all are gone, and then have to buy of speculators at double prices, they will have none but themselves to blame. The management assure us that only a few tickets are now left, and we give the fact to the public. Let those who are wise profit by the information.

IF Jackson's Magic Balsam will cure the worst colic in horses and mules in 20 minutes by giving them two ounces in a half pint of water, why not let the public know it? It never yet has failed, and it never will fail; if given in time the lives of many a valuable animal will be saved by its use. Sold by all Druggists. june18—6eod1w&w1t

Do not overlook what we have been trying to impress upon your mind, that we are now offering the greatest bargains in Spring and Summer Clothing, of every grade and description. M. & J. HIRSCH. june15—dtf

THE LOCUSTS.—The Charter Oak Stoves are becoming such universal favorites, and are making their way into so many households, that it looks as if they were destined to cover the face of the lands as the locusts of Egypt. Unlike them, however, they are blessings instead of plagues, and we wish speed to the consummation.

REMOVAL.—I have removed to the large and commodious store on Whitehall street, between D. C. Seymour's and the Atlanta Furniture Factory, where I will be glad to see all my friends and customers. I will sell goods cheaper than ever. The Oil Department is separate and apart from the store. JOHN T. HAGAN. june4—dtf

BARGAINS, BARGAINS.—Come and get bargains for one more week in furniture. Archer is selling out at cost, 89 Whitehall street. may15—dtf

OUR CUSTOM DEPARTMENT.—The most extensive Merchant Tailoring facilities,
Faultless fit,
Fashionable cut,
Best workmanship,
The largest stock of piece goods
For Coats and Vests,
For Pants,
For Full Suits.
EISEMAN & BRO.,
Fashionable Tailors and Clothiers.
may20—dtf

THE CONSTITUTION BOOK BINDERY.—No printing office is complete without a Book Bindery. Having found out this long since, we, at considerable expense, added one to our office and are now prepared to do all manner of Binding and Ruling. Law Books bound in the best style. Pamphlets, Magazines, in fact, books of all kinds are printed in our Job Office and bound in our Bindery. Old Books re-bound and made good as new. Send your work to the Constitution Bindery. may31—1tf.

JACKSON'S Magic Balsam will never fail to cure the worst toothache, headache, neuralgia, and rheumatism. Sold by all Druggists.
P. VAN ALSTINE, Proprietor,
june18—deod1w&w1t Barnesville, Ga.

TAKE Simmons' Liver Regulator; it will remove all unpleasant feelings and make you well. Prepared only by
J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
June17—deod1w&w1t Macon, Ga.

JACKSON'S Magic Balsam is as equally effective for animals as it is for humans. It will cure the worst saddle and collar galls, the worst wounds, bruises, strains and lameness in horses and mules. Reference—J. H. Pound, Barnesville, Ga. Sold by all Druggists. june18—deod1w&w1t

CLOSING out entire stock of Boots and Shoes, at Heyman Bro's, next to Chamberlin & Boynton, Whitehall Street.
may25-2tawlf

GET your bargains in Boots and Shoes of Heyman & Bro, Whitehall Street.
may25-2tawlf

$10,000 worth of Boots and Shoes must be sold within thirty days at Heyman & Bro's.
may25-2tawlf

OLD PAPERS for sale at this office.
may16-dtf

M. HEYMAN & BRO., offer to sell their Boots and Shoes regardless of price.
may25-2tawlf

A REINFORCEMENT DEMANDED.—When the system begins to wilt under the effects of the first "heated term," it is obvious that it ought to be reinforced and sustained by wholesome stimulation. To resort to the adulterated liquors of commerce in such a crisis, as too many do, is the height of infatuated folly. All such fiery stimulants have a sting. After the first effect has passed away, that sting is felt. The reaction is terrible. The prostration of body and mind which ensues is more complete than before. But the operation of a medical tonic like Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, in which extracts of the rarest remedial herbs and roots are blended with the spirituous essence of rye, pure and undefiled, is very different. No unpleasant reaction follows its use. It is a permanent, a perpetual invigorant, and there is no phase of debility, indigestion, biliousness, intermittent fever which it will not speedily cure. june18—deod1w&w1t

Southern Female College,

LAGRANGE, GEORGIA.

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES.

EXAMINATION—Thursday, Friday and Monday, 19th, 20th, and 23d instant.

SERMON—By Rev. A. T. SPALDING, D. D., of Atlanta, 22d June.

JUNIOR EXHIBITION—Tuesday, 24th. Literary Address by B. G. McCALL, Esq., of Union Springs, Alabama.

SENIOR EXHIBITION—Wednesday, 25th. Address by A. A. WILEY, Esq., of Mount Gomery, Alabama.

CONCERTS OF VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC—Monday and Tuesday nights.

The Atlanta and West Point Railroad will pass visitors ON ONE FARE from Saturday, 21st to Wednesday, 25th, inclusive.

june12-deod3t I. F. COX, President.

NOTICE.

John H. Mitchell, Robert Mitchell and Edith V. Kendall vs. Joseph E. Brown, G. A. Lochrane, H. I. Kimball, et al.—Bill for Account, Recission and Relief, in the Superior Court of the County of Fulton and State of Georgia.

IT appearing to the Court by the return of the Sheriff, that Hannibal I. Kimball, one of the defendants in the above case, cannot be found in the said county of Fulton; and it, further appearing that said Kimball resides out of said State of Georgia, it is on motion ordered by the Court, that said Hannibal I. Kimball be cited by publication to be and appear at the next Superior Court to be held in and for said county on the first Monday after the fourth Monday in September next, then and there to make answer to the premises, or in default thereof the Court will proceed as to justice may appertain.

And, further, that the publication of this order once a month for four months in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, shall be deemed and held a compliance therewith and a sufficient service of said defendant.

By the Court.
R. THOMAS,
F. W. REES,
EGLESTON & DESBOUIS,
R. H. HOOD,
Solicitors for Complainants.

A true extract from the minutes of said Court, May 26, 1873.
W. R. VENABLE, Clerk.
may27—dlm4mo

Drug Store for Sale.

ONE of the oldest established and handsomely fitted up Drug Stores, located in the center of business, in Atlanta, Ga., is now offered for sale. The stand has a good retail custom, and to any one desirous of doing a jobbing business, no better stand could be selected.

Terms reasonable, and payment will be made satisfactory to any one having from three to five thousand dollars in cash.

A personal interview and examination is asked in place of correspondence. The owner will give satisfactory reasons for selling. Address Key Box 81, Augusta, Ga. june18-d3t

G. & S. SALOSHIN
Brokers and Bankers.

LOANS NEGOTIATED AT LIBERAL TERMS
No. 12 Peachtree Street, 2 doors north of National Hotel, Atlanta, Ga. apr13-d6mo

FOR SALE,

A BEAUTIFUL UNIMPROVED LOT of 12 acres, on the Georgia Railroad, near Edgewood Church, one mile from the corporate limits. The lot has a constant running stream through it—a beautiful place for a fish pond, or a number of ponds. Apply to Bell & Goldsmith, or Myself at my residence in Edgewood.
JOHN W. HUNT. june15-d1w

J. A. JOHNSON, R. J. MCCAMY.
Johnson & McCamy,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
Dalton, - - - Georgia.
Office in King Building, Up Stairs
jan29-dtf

NOTICE.

DR. B. J. HEAD offers his professional services to the citizens of Atlanta. Having an experience of over a quarter of a century, in the various branches of his profession, he hopes to give satisfaction. Residence and office, Forsyth street, near Boggo's store. mar19-d6m

A CHANCE NOTICE.

I. FRANK & SON,

Successors to D. Tye, will continue to keep the best
Tennessee Beef, Mutton and Veal,
At Tye's old stand, Whitehall street, between Mitchell and Peters streets.

The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. may30—dlm

THE MAJORS HOUSE,
BY E. MAJORS,
TRENTON..... GEORGIA.
He pledges himself his house will be kept in first rate style, and on moderate terms. nov21-dtf

Clerk's Office, Superior Court,
Glynn County, Georgia.

BY direction of his Honor W. Schley, Judge of the Superior Courts Eastern Circuit, notice is hereby given that Judge Schley will preside at a session of Glynn Superior Court, Tuesday, July 8, 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of trying the case of R. B. Bullock, Governor, et al., vs. Jacob E. Dart, et al. Bill in equity in Glynn Superior Court. Counsel and parties interested will please take notice.
C. R. GOODYEAR,
Clerk Superior Court Glynn county, Ga.
june18-d1tillJuly 8

INSTRUCTION IN MUSIC.—WM. W. SHARP Teacher of Vocal and Instrumental Music. Rooms—Broad street, a few doors below the Sun office. Terms—$5 per month (10 lessons, one hour each. He also instructs BRASS BANDS, and arranges Music for them. sept—dly

For Sale.

400,000 Brick, 5-6 hard brick and 1-5 larger than ordinary.

By DR. W. C. ASHER, junction Walton and Marietta streets, or DR. J. H. LOW, Kimball House Drug Store. apr25-wed3thrs-2m

THE CELEBRATED
HOMS STOMACH BITTERS.

ARE ENDORSED AND PRESCRIBED BY MORE leading Physicians than any other Tonic or Stimulant now in use. They are

A SURE PREVENTIVE,

For Fever and Ague Intermittents, Bilioumess and all diseases resulting from malarious poisons. They are highly recommended as an ANTI-DYSPEPTIC, and in cases of INDIGESTION ARE INVALUABLE. As an APPETIZER and RESTORATIVE, and in cases of DEBILITY, they have never in a single instance failed in producing the most happy results. They are particularly

BENEFICIAL TO FEMALES,

Strengthening the body, invigorating the mind, and giving the rich blood to the whole system. The HOMS BITTERS are compounded with the greatest of care, and, as nothing similar has ever before been offered to the public as PLEASANT TO THE TASTE and at the same time combining so many remedies as are contained in the Bitters by the medical fraternity to be the best known to the Pharmacopoeia. It costs but little to give them a fair trial, and

Every Family Should Have a Bottle.

No preparation in the world can produce so many unqualified endorsements by physicians of the very highest standing in their profession.

Endorsed also by the Clergy and the leading denominational papers.

Rev. Wm. S. RABCOCK, the oldest Methodist minister in St. Louis, says of the Home Bitters: "I am satisfied they are helping in the restoration of my strength, and an increase of appetite."

OSSAGE MO., June 25, 1871.

Persons greatly debilitated, as I have been, and who require a tonic or stimulant, will find nothing better than Ch. Home Bitters.

Presiding Elder M. E. Church, Osage Mission District.
EDITOR STATES MARIES HOSPITAL.

Dr. LOUIS MO., Oct. 6, 1870.

JAMES A. JACKSON & Co.—Gentlemen: I applied the formula for making the "Home Stomach Bitters," and used them in this hospital the last four months. I consider them the most reliable tonic and stimulant now in use. S. E. MELCHER, Resident Physician in charge U. S. Marine Hospital.

JAMES A. JACKSON & Co.—Gentlemen: As you have long interested in the medical profession the recipe of the "Home Bitters," I hereby, therefore do give you my formula, which, no patent having been taken for it. We have examined the formula for making the "Home Bitters," and acknowledge my the combination is one of rare excellence, all the articles used in its composition are of the best of the class to which they belong, highly tonic, diuretic, stimulant, carminative, and slightly laxative. The mode of preparing them is strictly in accordance with the rules of pharmacy. Having used them in our private practice, we take pleasure in recommending them to all persons in need of tonic. Home Bitters, as being the best Tonic and Stimulant now offered to the public.

FRANK G. PORTER, M.D.,
Prof. Obstetrics and Diseases of Women, College of Physicians, and late member Board of Health.

EDWARD DELAFIELD, M.D.,
Prof. Surgery, Mo. Medical College and late President Physician City Hospital, St. Louis Hospital.

HERBERT PRIMM, Prof.,
Practical Pharmacy, St. Louis College of Pharmacy.

J. WHITEHILL, M.D.,
Asst. Surgeon, U. S. Marine Hospital.

ALF. HEATHCOTE, M.D. Dr. C. V. F. LEWIS,
C. GRESSWOLD, M.D. G. GRANT MORRIS, M.D.,
C. A. WAHL, M.D. WM. M. POTTS, M.D.,
R. C. FRANKLIN, M.D.,
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Prof. Rush Med. College.
J. H. PULTE, M.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

When a boy can carry everything at one load he will not go twice after it. This was the case with a boy who was working his way through Elm street, the other day. The twenty bean poles on his shoulder made a bean pole is about all an ordinary person can carry, and nobody but a boy would attempt to carry twenty of them. He had tied them together at the middle, leaving the ends loose, and had thought, on starting, without doubt, that he was a boy of remarkable genius. Bean poles are naturally unsteady. When they can't move one way they will another; but they will move, and in spite of all precautions. These did. He had them on his shoulder at first, but some of them got to dragging down behind, and striking against people, and others fell down in front and stuck into the sidewalk and made him stumble. Then again some of them lay horizontally. Not but that they preferred to drop as the others did, but lying horizontally while the others were in opposite positions, gave a pleasing variety to the performance. When the boy stopped, as he was frequently obliged to do, some one in the rear would step on the poles or in among them, and swear at him. Finally, he turned round to see what the matter was, and knocked out the face of a clock a man was carrying in his arms. This so excited him that he dropped the poles entirely. The owner of the clock stuffed him over the head, and then took down his father's name and swore he would have damages. The unfortunate youth then took the awful things up into his arms, but they wouldn't lie still. They kept together at the middle, but they were demoralized at the ends and whirled about so rapidly as to scare him. He looked like a wind-mill, and presented such an awful spectacle, that people precipitately took to the street, and several horses attempted to climb up into their wagons. He had to drop his load again or be shot down in his tracks by the infuriated drivers. Finally he made two bundles of them, and took one under each arm. Some of the ends commenced to tangle with the opposites, and get in front of his eyes, and shut out his vision. Others dropped down in front caught so firmly in the walk as to completely upset the unhappy youth, and he came down on his back—having turned a complete somersault—with poles under him, over him, and on all sides of him, while just back of where he went down, stood a woman picking the wrecks of a bonnet out of her hair, and looking in the pile for the largest pole was a middle-aged man with a cut nose and a ruptured shirt front. The boy jumped up and fled.

☞ The hotel proprietors of a New Hampshire town are having circulated through the exchanges the following neat advertisement: "People who are not going to heaven this summer should go to Danville, N. H. There is not a lawyer, doctor, lightning-rod, sewing machine agent, or hotel clerk in the place, while more than 400 beautiful, long-haired, rosy-cheeked, bright-eyed maidens, with natural teeth and white dresses, meander through the streets at eventide, chewing gum and smiling on the few young men who have heard of this elysium before."

HOW TO START A HOTEL.—An experienced landlord told me recently, that no public house in the metropolis ever achieved prosperity until one or two murders had been committed under its roof. Most of the hotels in town have been, some time or other, the scene of homicide. One would suppose that desperate rencounters or assassinations would injure an inn, though those who ought to know aver that the effect is directly opposite. There is certainly fascination about bloodshed to the average mind, and the spot where murder has been done continues to be attractive for many years. The Grand Central Hotel has particularly thrived since James Fisk, Jr., was shot in its private entrance; and the Sturtevant House, I understand, has been full to overflowing since young Walworth invited his father to his bed chamber and perforated his body with bullets.—*Chicago Tribune.*

☞ The Boston Transcript says that persons who send poetry to the newspapers should always retain copies. The New York Times suggests that they should also retain the originals.

☞ "The Girl with the Saffron Hair" is the title of a new song with which the musical market will soon be flooded, and which may be taken as the culmination of the blonde mania introduced by the bleached beauties of the English burlesque opera.

"Men are what Women make Them" is the singular title of a new book. It may be true, but we have seen some dreadful poor specimens of the manufactured article, which reflects badly either upon the material or the maker.

Reading Notices.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.—A depressed, irritated state of mind; a weak, nervous, exhausted feeling; no energy or animation; confused head, weak memory, often with debilitating, involuntary discharges. The consequence of excesses, mental overwork or indiscretions. This nervous debility finds a sovereign cure in Humphrey's Homeopathic specific, No 28. It tones up the system, arrests discharges dispels the mental gloom and despondency, and rejuvenates the entire system. It is perfectly harmless and always efficient. Price $5, for a package of five boxes and a large $2 vial of powder, which is important in old, serious cases; or $1 per single box Sold by all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Specific Homeopathic Medicine Co, No. 563 Broadway, N. Y.

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june2—d4w&ewd w

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june17—deod3t

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I HAVE just removed my office from Whitehall street to the corner of Broad and Alabama streets, over the Howe Money Machine Rooms, where I have rented the whole second floor; I can offer my patients a much more private and convenient office than heretofore. ARTHUR C. FOUD, D. D. S.
june1-deod3w

$5to$20 per day. Agents wanted. All classes of working people, of either sex, young and old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments or all the time than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.
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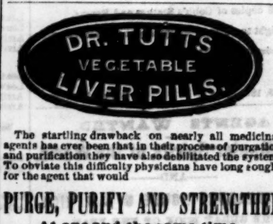

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june6-eod1m

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Special Arrangements made for Board with Families from the South, who wish to spend a few weeks in the city.
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HAVE A MAGNIFICENT CORNER LOT.
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june28-3t

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IN ACCORDANCE with an act of the Legislature and their Articles of Incorporation, the Board of Directors announce that the

The Great Gift Concert and Distribution, by lot, among ticket holders of

The Great Southern Railway

The Great Southern Route

TO AND FROM NEW YORK,

VIA

Savannah, Ga.

THE FIRST CLASS SIDE WHEEL STEAMSHIPS OF THIS LINE SAIL FROM SAVANNAH AND New York, in connection with the CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, make as quick time and have superior accommodations for passengers to any steamships on the Southern Coast.

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